Remote Workstation Card Software for Linux Administrators' Guide

This document is intended for administrators who are installing the Remote Workstation Card Software for Linux on PC/workstations using the PCoIP Remote workstation Card. It is recommended that users have an understanding of the PCoIP protocol and its advantages as well as environments using PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards and PCoIP Zero Clients.

This document provides guidelines for installing, uninstalling, using, and troubleshooting the Remote Workstation Card Software for Linux.

Linux workstations operating systems

The instructions in this guide were made using a Linux PC/workstation running CentOS 7.6. It may be necessary to consult your Linux documentation if using other versions of Linux and having command line syntax issues.
About the Remote Workstation Card Software for Linux

The Teradici Remote Workstation Card Software for Linux package is a source code package. This package is used to create a binary RPM that can then be installed on your Linux workstation which contains the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card. See Tested Linux Distributions for the Linux distributions that the Remote Workstation Card Software for Linux was tested with. The package might work on other Linux distributions, but Teradici makes no guarantees. Problems with the package should be reported via the Teradici Support Site.

Remote Workstation Card Software provides additional features and enhancements for use via the PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards installed in remote PCs/workstations, and provides compatibility for PCoIP Zero Clients or Teradici Software clients in sessions with Remote Workstation Cards.

Remote Workstation Card Software works with the PCI device function called Host Driver Function. If the administrator installs the software on the PC/workstation, users can manage additional features.

The Remote Workstation Card Software user interface (UI) is installed when the Remote Workstation Card Software is installed. The UI communicates with the PCoIP firmware via the device drivers installed by the Remote Workstation Card Software, and configures the features of the Remote Workstation Card Software.

This software allows users to:

- Use a local cursor and keyboard
- Use a local Wacom tablet driver (requires minimum remote workstation card and zero client firmware versions, and may require the latest Wacom driver)
- Push client display topology to the host
- Lock the host PC when a session is terminated
- Disconnect a session
- View host statistics and connection information
• Adjust the PCoIP session **Image Quality** preference setting

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**Note**

Remote Workstation Card Software for Linux release 4.1.6 for Linux added experimental support for Teradici PCoIP software clients connecting to PCoIP remote workstation cards. See *Soft Client Restrictions*. 
System Requirements and Compatibility

Before installing the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software, ensure the following requirements are met:

- PCoIP host and zero client are loaded with a compatible firmware release. See Firmware and Remote Workstation Card Software Compatibility Matrix.
- The Host Driver Function is enabled on the PCoIP Host Card. See section PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software Installation.
- Has a supported Linux distributions. See Tested Linux Distributions.
- Administrator has root permissions.
- Wacom tablet users may have to update the Linux kernel wacom driver. Please see About Local Tablet Driver for further details.

Compatibility

The compatibility matrix below lists the firmware releases and the compatible PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software releases. We recommend that you install the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software release that corresponds to the firmware uploaded to the Remote Workstation Card and PCoIP Zero Client.

Some features added to new releases of the Remote Workstation Card Software require firmware upgrades on the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card and/or PCoIP Zero Client.

Firmware and Remote Workstation Card Software Compatibility Matrix

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>20.01</td>
<td>20.01</td>
<td>20.01</td>
<td>Host Card: 5.1 Zero Client: 6.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Compatibility

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4.8.0</td>
<td>5.1</td>
<td>6.5</td>
<td>Host Card: 4.7.2 - 5.0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Zero Client: 4.8 - 6.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note**

The Remote Workstation Card Software for Linux package is a source code package. This package is used to create a binary RPM that can then be installed. **Tested Linux Distributions** lists the Linux distributions the package was tested with. The package might work on other Linux distributions, but Teradici makes no guarantees. Problems with the package should be reported via the [Teradici Support Site](https://www.teradici.com/support).
Setting Up a Development System

The Remote Workstation Card Software is installed using a binary RPM. The RPM includes a kernel driver. Kernel drivers must be built using header files that match the version of the kernel running on the workstation the Remote Workstation Card Software is installed on. This restriction prevents Teradici from distributing pre-built RPMs. The package provided by Teradici allows end users to create a binary RPM.

The installation topics describe requirements and steps to set up a Linux system capable of creating the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software binary RPM. This document is written for a Linux system running CentOS. The same instructions may apply to other Linux distributions, but may require changes.

Development System Requirements

• CentOS 7.7 or other supported Linux distribution installed.
• Gnome or KDE desktop environment installed.
• Root permissions.
PCoIP sessions between soft clients and PC/workstations with a PCoIP Remote Workstation Card are supported for desktop clients. Mobile clients are not supported.

High-level requirements for these connections:

- PCoIP Remote Workstation Card running firmware release 5.0.1 or later.
- Remote Workstation Card Software for Linux release 4.8.0 or later.
- Teradici PCoIP software client release 3.8.1 or later.
- The workstation should have xrandr version 1.2 or later installed. If an earlier version is installed, the Remote Workstation Card Software cannot activate the client topology settings at the start of a session and users might encounter problems where the client cursor and keyboard do not work.

PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software imposes some limitations intended to prevent users from getting their system into a state where the keyboard and mouse do not work.

The limitations are summarized as:

- Users should not try to install the Remote Workstation Card Software while connected to the PC/workstation from a soft client. For details, see Installing PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software Binary RPM.
- Users cannot disable the local cursor feature while connected to the PC/workstation from a soft client.
Tested Linux Distributions

This release of the Remote Workstation Card Software was tested with the Linux distributions in the following table. The Remote Workstation Card Software may be compatible with additional distributions. Check the Teradici Support Site for the most recent Remote Workstation Card Software released for the Remote Workstation Card.

Linux Distribution Compatibility Matrix

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Linux Distribution</th>
<th>Remote Workstation Card Software Release</th>
<th>Tested By</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CentOS 7.7 (kernel 3.10.0-1062.el7), GNOME/KDE</td>
<td>20.01</td>
<td>Teradici</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CentOS 6.6 (kernel 2.6.32-504), GNOME/KDE</td>
<td>4.8.0</td>
<td>Teradici</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RHEL 7.5 (kernel 3.10.0-229), GNOME/KDE</td>
<td>4.7.0</td>
<td>Teradici</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SLED 11 SP 4 (kernel 3.0.82), GNOME/KDE</td>
<td>4.7.0</td>
<td>Customer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Requirements for Local Cursor and Keyboard

The **Enable Local Cursor and Keyboard** settings are configured from the user interface **Features tab**.

There are requirements for the local cursor and keyboard feature. If the **Enable Local Cursor and Keyboard** checkbox is grayed out, ensure the following requirements are met:

- The PCoIP host and zero client both use the same firmware that supports local cursor and keyboard.
- The **Host Driver Function** option is enabled on the PCoIP host and the PC or workstation is restarted after changing the option.
- A PCoIP session is established between the PCoIP host and client.
- The graphics card is not configured to scale the image (that is, not using technologies such as horizontal/vertical span mode from NVIDIA).
- The graphics card is configured to use the monitor's built-in scaling when a non-native resolution is selected.
- If xrandr version 1.1 or lower is installed on the workstation, the display(s) are not rotated.
- If using firmware release 4.1.0 or higher and the mouse or keyboard are connected behind a USB hub, ensure only HID devices (keyboard and mouse) are connected to the USB hub.
- The mouse and keyboard devices function correctly with the zero client’s OSD.
- The **Enable Configuration** option is selected on the **OSD User Settings > Display Topology** tab.
- The resolution settings on the **OSD User Settings > Display Topology** tab match the resolution settings of the X Window screens.
- If xrandr version 1.1 or lower is installed on the workstation, the correct monitor information is configured on the UI **Monitors** tab.
- All active X Window monitors must be connected to one client.
- Verify the X Window output screens match the display outputs detected by the host card. The host card reports the display outputs on the **Info > Attached Devices** window. To access this window, log into the host card web interface and select **Info > Attached Devices**.
- X Window multi-monitor workstations can be configured to overlap screens (physical displays) such that part of the image or the entire image shown on display 1 also appears on
display 2. The local cursor feature does not work in systems configured in this manner. Verify none of the X Window screens overlap each other.

- If xrandr version 1.1 or lower is installed on the workstation, the table below shows the supported video modes and the number of monitors supported in each mode. The Local Cursor and Keyboard feature is disabled or does not function properly on systems that configure the graphics card to use unsupported video modes, or the number of monitors is incorrect.

**Supported Video Modes**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TwinView</th>
<th>Xinedrama</th>
<th>Number of Monitors Supported</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td>1, 2, 3, or 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note**

Some multi-monitor workstations using newer versions of the Nvidia driver (310.19) with Xinerama enabled must include the `-t` option when starting the `pcoip_agent`. If the remote and local cursors are not in sync after starting the `pcoip_agent`, try adding the `-t` option to the HostSWOption setting in the daemon configuration file and restarting the Remote Workstation Card Software.
What's New in this Release

Some features added to new releases of the Remote Workstation Card Software require changes to the firmware running on the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card, PCoIP Zero Client or a newer version of Teradici Software Client.

**Improved performance**

Improved handling of DPI scaling for local cursor

**Versioning Number Change**

Remote Workstation Card firmware is on a new numbering scheme, where the first number is the release date year, and the second number is the release date month, and the third number is the number of maintenance releases.
Release Notes

Release Notes for Remote Workstation Card Software releases can be found at the Teradici support site on the release notes page.
PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software Component Overview

The Remote Workstation Card Software is installed using a binary RPM. The RPM includes a kernel driver. Kernel drivers must be built using header files that match the version of the kernel running on the workstation the Remote Workstation Card Software is installed on. This restriction prevents Teradici from distributing pre-built RPMs. The package provided by Teradici allows end users to create the binary RPM.

The Installation category of topics describe requirements and steps to set up a Linux system capable of creating the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software binary RPM. The topics are written for a Linux system running CentOS 6.6. The same instructions may apply to other Linux distributions, but may require changes.

The Remote Workstation Card Software for Linux requires knowledge of the Host Driver Function, User Interface, and the Remote Workstation Card Software Daemon components which are summarized below.

Host Driver Function

Host computers containing PCoIP remote workstation cards loaded with firmware releases 3.1.0 or later support an optional feature, the PCoIP Host Driver Function. This feature lets administrators use the Remote Workstation Card Software for Linux package on the host PC or workstation. This software package works with the exposed PCoIP Host Driver Function PCI device function. If an administrator installs the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software package on the PC or workstation, users can manage and use the features of the Remote Workstation Card Software for Linux when the Host Driver Function is enabled.

Remote Workstation Card Software User Interface (UI)

The user application called the Remote Workstation Card Software user interface (UI), is installed when the Remote Workstation Card Software is installed. The UI communicates with the PCoIP
firmware via the device drivers installed by the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software. You can configure the features of the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software through the UI.

Remote Workstation Card Software Daemon

Release 4.1.6 and later included an additional software application called the Remote Workstation Card Software daemon. By default, the daemon is enabled and starts running when the workstation boots and is responsible for:

- Starting the UI when the workstation boots and ensuring one instance of the UI is always running. The daemon restarts the UI if it exits for any reason.
- Activating the **Local Cursor and Keyboard** feature for soft client sessions while the login screen is active.
- Disabling the **Local Cursor and Keyboard** feature for zero client sessions when a user logs off.

For details on configuring the daemon, see [Remote Workstation Card Software Daemon Configuration Files](#).
PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software Requirements

Before installing this version of PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software, ensure the PC or workstation meets the following requirements:

- CentOS 7.6 or other supported Linux distribution installed. See Tested Linux Distributions for supported Linux distributions.
- Gnome or KDE desktop environment installed.
- Sudo command permissions.
- The Host Driver Function is enabled on the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card before Remote Workstation Card Software Installation. See Enabling and Disabling Host Driver Function.
- PCoIP Remote Workstation Card and Zero Client are loaded with a compatible firmware release. See Compatibility

Notes

- We strongly recommend that you install the version of PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software that is released with the version of the firmware loaded on the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card and PCoIP Zero Client.
- Temporal dithering is a technique employed by some graphics cards to simulate colors that they cannot natively display by rapidly changing the colors of pixels, thus tricking the eye into seeing “in-between” colors. During PCoIP remote sessions, temporal dithering can cause extremely high bandwidth utilization because the rapidly changing pixels force the PCoIP protocol to constantly deliver large screen updates to the remote desktop. Temporal dithering should be disabled on workstation graphics cards supporting PCoIP sessions. Consult your graphics card documentation or contact the card vendor for details on disabling temporal dithering. Knowledge Base article KB 1087 on the Teradici Support Site also contains information on disabling temporal dithering on some graphics cards.
Installing Required Tools and Libraries

To create the binary RPM the required packages listed in the table below must be installed. The packages differ based on the Linux distributions running on the host PC/workstation. Install the packages listed in the column that match the Linux distribution running on the workstation.

### Packages Required for Different Linux Distributions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>CentOS &amp; Red Hat</th>
<th>SLED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Compiler</td>
<td>gcc</td>
<td>gcc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kernel header files required to build kernel driver</td>
<td>Kernel-devel</td>
<td>Kernel-default-devel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tools used to build RPM files</td>
<td>rpm-build</td>
<td>Not required</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To install these packages on **CentOS** or **Red Hat**:

1. Open Terminal and type:

```
sudo yum install gcc
sudo yum install kernel-devel
sudo yum install rpm-build
```

To install these packages on **SLED**:

1. Open Terminal and type:

```
sudo zypper install gcc
sudo zypper install kernel-default-devel
```
If the `kernel-devel` or `kernel-default-devel` package must be installed, ensure you install the version compatible with the kernel installed on the workstation. If you install the wrong version, the driver fails to build and the error message `install: cannot start `pcoip_host.ko': No such file or directory` appears while installing the RPM file created by the `createRPM` script. See Tested Linux Distributions for which Linux distributions (kernel-devels) are supported.

Non-root users can install the fakeroot package to run the `createRPM` script.
Unpacking the Source Code Package

To unpack the source code package:

1. Download the `rwc-software-XX.YY.Z.tar.gz` package from the Teradici Support Site. The archive file contains the files necessary to create a binary RPM.

2. Navigate to the Downloads folder.
   
   ```
   cd Downloads
   ```

3. Extract the contents of the archive file into a new folder.
   
   ```
   mkdir PCoIP_Host_SW_Release
   tar -zxvf rwc-software-XX.YY.Z.tar.gz -C PCoIP_Host_SW_Release
   ```

4. Open the new directory and check that the `/pcoip_host_XX.YY.Z.axxxx` folder is there.
   
   ```
   cd PCoIP_Host_SW_Release
   ls
   ```

**Subfolders created**

Extracting `rwc-software-XX.YY.Z.tar.gz` creates additional sub-folders such as common, kernel, and user.
Creating a Binary RPM

To create a Binary RPM you will require rights to the `sudo` command.

**Notes**

- When creating RPMs to be distributed outside a company, create the RPM as root. When an RPM is created, the userid of the person creating the RPM is the owner of the files in the RPM. Warning messages appear if an RPM is installed on systems that do not recognize the userid associated with the files. Creating the RPM as root avoids getting these warning messages.
- Non-root users can install the fakeroot package to run the `createRPM` script found in the Remote Workstation Card Software for Linux package.

The Remote Workstation Card Software package contains two versions of the Remote Workstation Card Software executable. One that supports activating client topology settings and one that does not. The createRPM script checks the version of `libxrandr` installed on the workstation. If version 1.2 or later is installed, the RPM includes the Remote Workstation Card Software executable that supports activating client topology settings. Administrators can force the script to include the version that does not support activating client topology settings by including the parameter `-notopo` when running the `createRPM` script.

1. From your previously open terminal working from the `Downloads` directory, set the working directory to `kernel/linux/scripts`
   ```bash
cd pcoip_host_<version>/kernel/linux/scripts/
```

**Info**

- Additional directories are created when you unpack the source code package.
- If opening a new terminal window, from the default prompt enter
  ```bash
cd ~/Downloads/PCoIP_Host_SW_Release/pcoip_host_<version>/kernel/linux/scripts/
```

2. Execute the `createRPM` script.
   ```bash
sudo ./createRPM
```
The binary rpm is written to the `package/kernel/linux/obj` directory.
Installing the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software Binary RPM

This topic describes how to install the binary RPM created from the source code package. To install the software you will require sudo command privileges.

Before installing the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software, ensure no other copies of the software are installed by checking if the file `pcoip_agent` exists in the `/usr/bin` directory. If this file exists, remove it by following the instructions Uninstalling PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software.

### Note

- PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software release 4.1.6 adds experimental support for Teradici PCoIP software clients. As an administrator, you cannot run the Remote Workstation Card Software installer while connected to a host system using a software client because the local cursor feature is disabled during the installation process which disables the user’s keyboard and mouse. This prevents the user from completing the installation process.

1. From the previously open terminal window, set the working directory to `kernel/linux/obj`.

   ```
   cd ..
   cd obj
   ```

### Notes

- Additional directories are created when you unpack the source code package.
- If not at the default command prompt working directory enter:

  ```
  cd ~/Downloads/PCoIP_Host_SW_Release/pcoip_host_<version>/kernel/linux/obj/
  ```

2. Enter the following command, where `<build number>` is the release build number.

   ```
   sudo yum install -y pcoip_host-<build number>.x86_64.rpm
   ```
This installs the following files:

- `/usr/bin/pcoip_agent`: This is the GUI that configures the PCoIP kernel driver. The UI accepts multiple command line options. See Command Line Options—pcoip_agent for a description of the supported options.

- `/usr/bin/pcoip_lockscreen`: The GUI calls this script when locking the screen after a PCoIP session is disconnected. This script has been tested on systems running KDE3, KDE4, and Gnome. Verify this script works if the Remote Workstation Card Software fails to lock the screen when a PCoIP session is disconnected.

```
Note

- The pcoip_agent and pcoip_lockscreen files are written to the /usr/bin directory when the Remote Workstation Card Software is installed. If you want to move these files to a different location, such as a network drive, you must move both files to the same directory. When the pcoip_agent begins execution it searches for the pcoip_lockscreen script in the /usr/bin directory. If the script is not found the pcoip_agent then looks in the directory the pcoip_agent is stored in.

- If the pcoip_agent and pcoip_lockscreen files are moved, and a new version of the Remote Workstation Card Software is installed, the administrator must remove the old copies of these files and replace them with the new files found in the /usr/bin directory.
```

- `/usr/bin/pcoiphostswd`: This is the Remote Workstation Card Software daemon. See Overview for a description of what the daemon does and Remote Workstation Card Software Daemon Configuration Files for instructions on how to configure the daemon. If you want to establish a PCoIP session with a workstation from a soft client, do not disable the daemon.

- `/usr/bin/pcoip_starthostsw`: The daemon uses this script to start the Remote Workstation Card Software executable (pcoip_agent). Administrators who want to modify the command line options passed to the Remote Workstation Card Software executable should modify the daemon configuration settings in section 3.5.1 "Remote Workstation Card Software Daemon Configuration Files".

- `/usr/bin/pcoip_xauthority`: The daemon uses this script to acquire an XAUTHORITY cookie. The script is run by the daemon as root. The daemon calls this script to provide some flexibility to the end user. If the script does not support the window manager running on the workstation, the script can be modified to support the new window manager without recompiling the daemon. See the script for details on how to update it if necessary.
• /lib/modules/< kernel_version >/kernel/drivers/input/misc/pcoip_host.ko: This is a kernel driver that communicates with the PCoIP host card.

• /etc/init.d/pcoip_host: This is a script that executes when the system boots. Links to the script are found in the /etc/rcx.d directories where x is >=0 and <=6. This script handles starting and stopping the pcoip_host driver.

• /etc/init.d/pcoip_hostcheck: This is a script that executes when the system boots. Links to the script are found in the /etc/rcx.d directories where x is >= 0 and <=6. This script checks for the pcoip_host kernel module and builds it if it doesn’t exist.

• /etc/udev/rules.d/10-pcoip_host_udev.rules: This file creates a special character file in the /dev directory used by the UI to control the driver.

3. Non CentOS 6.x Distributions: Some Linux distributions require additional changes to the X Windows configuration file etc/X11/xorg.conf. These changes are not required on CentOS 6.x, but they are required on CentOS 5.x, SLED 11, and Fedora 13. The changes ensure the X Windows evdev input driver processes the data received from the PCoIP mouse device driver.

Add the following line to the ServerLayout section:

InputDevice “PCoIPMouse” “SendCoreEvents”

Create the following new InputDevice section:

```plaintext
... Section “InputDevice” Identifier “PCoIPMouse” Driver “evdev” Option “Device” “/dev/input/pcoip_mouse” Option “Mode” “Absolute” EndSection ...
```

4. Restart the system.

   sudo reboot
Install Command Summary

The following commands were used in this guide to install the Remote Workstation Card Software for Linux (including adding dependencies). It is intended to be used as a reference after reading through all the topics under the Installation topic. These commands were relevant to a host PC/workstation using Linux CentOS 6.3 and may require changes for different versions or for different distributions of Linux.

```
sudo yum install gcc
sudo yum install kernel-devel
sudo yum install rpm-build
cd Downloads
unzip Host_Software_for_Linux_<version_no>_GA -d PCoIP_Host_SW_Release
cd PCoIP_Host_SW_Release
ls
tar -xvf pcoip_host-%version_no%.tar.gz
cd pcoip_host-%version>/kernel/linux/scripts/
sudo ./createRPM
cd ..
cd obj
sudo yum install -y pcoip_host-%build number%.x86_64.rpm
sudo reboot
```

The commands to add the latest Wacom drivers can be found within Wacom's installation article.
Uninstalling the Remote Workstation Card Software for Linux

You can easily remove the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software from the PC or workstation at any time. If you no longer need the software, you should also disable the Host Driver Function in firmware. For details, see Disabling Host Driver Function.

To uninstall the Remote Workstation Card Software for Linux, open up a command prompt and enter:

```
sudo rpm -e pcoip_host
```

**Note**

The above step removes the installed PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software, but does not remove any PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software that might be running. Reboot the workstation to ensure the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software is no longer running.
Remote Workstation Card Software Daemon Configuration Files

This topic describes the Remote Workstation Card Software configuration files. Both the daemon and the User Interface allow the administrator to customize their operation.

When the Remote Workstation Card Software daemon starts, it attempts to read configuration settings from the file /etc/pcoiphostswd.conf. If the file does not exist or a setting is not found in the file, the daemon uses a default value.

A copy of the configuration file is included with the Remote Workstation Card Software in the kernel/linux/scripts directory. Administrators wishing to modify the default daemon configuration settings should copy this file to the /etc directory, modify it, and restart the Remote Workstation Card Software or the workstation.

The daemon and Remote Workstation Card Software executables support the following settings.

Log Directory Location

- Field name: LogDirLocation

  This field is a string that determines the directory used for the log files. The daemon and Remote Workstation Card Software use the same log file named pcoiphostsw.0.log. When the log file reaches the size specified in the LogFileSize parameter, it is copied to pcoiphostsw.1.log. The daemon sets the permissions of the directory containing the log files to 777. If the location of the log files is changed to something other than the default, the daemon sets the permissions of the directory to 777.

- Default value: /var/log/pcoip

Maximum Log File Size

- Field name: LogFileSize

  This field is an integer that specifies the maximum size in MB a log file may attain before a copy is made and a new one is started. The log file size is only checked periodically, so this size may be exceeded slightly at times.
• Default value: 2

**Daemon Enable**

• Field name: `DaemonEnable`

• This field determines whether the daemon is enabled. The daemon must be enabled in systems that require the Remote Workstation Card Software to be running while the login screen is active. Software clients send keyboard and mouse data to the host via the Remote Workstation Card Software. Users who want to log into a host using a software client must enable the daemon.

• Supported values: 0, 1 (0=disable, 1=enable)

• Default value: 1

**Daemon Logging level**

• Field Name: `DaemonLogLevel`

• This field controls the verbosity level of the daemon. As the level increases, the daemon generates more log messages. Typically users should set this field to info or error, which generates error messages and informational messages when the daemon starts and stops the Remote Workstation Card Software.

• Supported values: 0=None, 1=Critical, 2=Error, 3=Info, 4=Debug

• Default value: 3 (Info)

**Daemon Start Delay**

• Field name: `DaemonStartDelay`

• When the system boots, the `pcoip_host` script starts `pcoiphostswd`, which launches a daemon process. When the daemon starts, it delays this many seconds before entering.

• Supported values: positive integer (1, 2, 3, ...)

• Default value: 1

**Daemon X Authority Start Delay**

• Field name: `DaemonXAuthDelay`

• This field specifies the delay in seconds before the daemon tries to find the XAUTHORITY cookie for the Remote Workstation Card Software UI.
• Supported values: positive integer (1, 2, 3, ...)
• Default value: 5

Daemon PCoIP Agent Can Run Under Root Permissions

• Field name: DaemonRootPCoIPAgent

• This field specifies whether the daemon can run the PCoIP Agent under root permissions. Note Some systems do not allow root to run the screensaver and therefore the Lock workstation on disconnect feature does not work. It is recommended that you log in as root and see if root can run the screensaver before enabling this setting. Currently, RHEL 7, RHEL 7.1, and CentOS 7 allow the root account to run the screensaver.

• Supported values: 0, 1 (0=disable, 1=enable)
• Default value: 0

Remote Workstation Card Software Logging Level

• Field name: HostSWLogLevel

• This field controls the verbosity level of the Remote Workstation Card Software. As the level increases, the Remote Workstation Card Software generates more log messages. In general, users should set this field to info or error, which allows the Remote Workstation Card Software to generate error messages and informational messages.

• Supported values: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 (0=none, 1=Critical, 2=Error, 3=Info, 4=Debug)
• Default value: 3 (info)

Remote Workstation Card Software Location

• Field name: HostSWPath

• This field specifies the location of the Remote Workstation Card Software. This includes the pcoip_starthostsw script and the pcoip_agent executable. By default, these files are installed in /usr/bin.

• Default value: “/usr/bin”

Remote Workstation Card Software Options

• Field name: HostSWOptions
• This field can pass further options to the Remote Workstation Card Software. These values are passed to the pcoip_starthostsw script (preceded with -o) and subsequently to the Remote Workstation Card Software itself. The supported values can be determined by running `pcoip_agent -h`, and include values such as: `-drcs` (disable sending remote cursor changes to client).
  
  • Default value: ""

Host SW Login Start Delay

• Field name: `HostSWLoginStartDelay`
• When a user logs in, the daemon starts the Remote Workstation Card Software. The daemon also starts the Remote Workstation Card Software when it detects the Remote Workstation Card Software is not running. This setting controls how many seconds the daemon delays before starting the Remote Workstation Card Software when a user logs in. The setting is not used when the daemon detects the Remote Workstation Card Software is not running. This delay should be increased if the Remote Workstation Card Software icon appears on the desktop instead of the system tray after a user logs in.
  
  • Supported values: positive integer (1, 2, 3,...)
  
  • Default value: 10

Host SW Restart Delay

• Field name: `HostSWRestartDelay`
• When a user logs in, the daemon starts the Remote Workstation Card Software. The daemon also restarts the Remote Workstation Card Software when it detects the Remote Workstation Card Software is not running. This setting controls how many seconds the daemon delays before restarting the Remote Workstation Card Software when a user is already logged in. The setting is not used when the daemon starts the Remote Workstation Card Software on user login.
  
  • Supported values: positive integer (1, 2, 3,...)
  
  • Default value: 1
Remote Workstation Card Software Configuration Files

When the Remote Workstation Card Software UI executable (pcoip_agent) starts, it reads configuration settings from two files: a local file and a global file. The local file is stored in ~/pcoip_agent and the global file is stored in /etc/pcoiphostswglobal.conf. The default name and location of the local and global files can be overridden by including the optional parameters -lc=</path/filename> and -gc=</path/filename> in the HostSWOptions setting in the daemon configuration file.

When the UI starts, it attempts to open the local configuration file and read settings from it. If the local file does not exist or a setting is not defined in the local file, the UI attempts to read the setting from the global configuration file. If the global configuration file does not exist or the setting is not defined in the file, the UI uses a default value.

While the UI runs it creates the local file if one does not exist and stores settings in it. This allows users to customize the configuration settings. This also allows administrators to configure the Remote Workstation Card Software default settings for first time users.

A sample global configuration file is provided with the Remote Workstation Card Software in kernel/linux/scripts/pcoiphostswglobal.conf. Administrators who want to use this feature should store a copy of the file in the /etc directory. Users who want to store the file somewhere else must include the -gc option in the HostSWOptions setting in the daemon configuration file.
Enabling or Disabling Host Driver Function

To enable or disable the **Enable Host Driver Function** on the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card:

1. Open a web browser on a PC or workstation connected to the same network as the PC with the Remote Workstation Card installed. Browse to the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card's Administrative Web Interface (AWI), and then log in.

2. From the Configuration menu, select **Host Driver Function**.

3. Check or uncheck the **Enable Host Driver Function** box and click **Apply**. Removing the check will disable the Host Driver Function. A prompt appears to indicate the host PCoIP processor must be reset.

4. Click **Reset** and then click **OK** to schedule a deferred reset.

5. Restart the PC/workstation with the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card installed.

6. After the workstation boots up, log into the PC or workstation as usual.
User Interface (UI) Overview

The UI executable /usr/bin/pcoip_agent is started automatically by the daemon after installing the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software package and rebooting the workstation. The administrator may need to configure the UI executable options. If so, install and update the daemon configuration file, described in Remote Workstation Card Software Daemon Configuration Files.

When the UI is running, the icon appears in the CentOS 6 system tray as shown below.

On RHEL 7 and CentOS 7, the icon appears after you click the bottom right number badge as shown below. The icon does not appear when the login screen is active.

The figure below displays the menu that appears when you right-click the icon in the system tray. To open a new window, select Properties... from the right-click menu or double-click the icon in the system tray. This window has multiple tabs that let users access different features. Each feature is described beginning within the Features tab.

- To disconnect the PCoIP session (if one is active), select Disconnect PCoIP Session.
To restart the UI executable, select **Restart Host SW**.
UI Features Tab

The **Features** tab contains the **Security lock host PC upon session termination** setting and WAN Experience settings that allow a user to improve the user experience. The WAN experience settings benefit networks that have high latency times such as 40-60 ms. Each section is described in separate topics.

---

**Note**

The **Image** tab contains an image quality setting that can also affect the user experience but is used when the network between the PCoIP remote workstation card and the client is constrained.

---

The following figure show the Features tab of the User Interface.
UI Features Tab - Security

The Security feature lets you lock the PC/workstation to ensure other users do not log into another user’s session when the user disconnects from a PCoIP session.

- **Lock host PC upon session termination** to lock the Host PC when a PCoIP session is disconnected.

**Note**

The Remote Workstation Card Software calls the pcoip_lockscreen script to lock the screen. If the Remote Workstation Card Software fails to lock the screen when a PCoIP session is disconnected, verify that this script works. See Installing PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software Binary RPM for the location of the script.
UI Features Tab - WAN Experience

The WAN Experience local cursor and keyboard features may be useful in WAN deployments where network latency exceeds 40-60 ms. In these environments, users may notice a visible lag between the movement of the mouse and the movement of the cursor. Key presses may be dropped or falsely repeated key presses may occur under very high network latency scenarios. Both of these side effects of high-network latency hinder user experience. The local cursor and keyboard features help lessen latency effects.

Latency effects are noticed differently by users. With network latency less than 40 ms, most users notice the local cursor overlay and desktop cursor moving in tandem. With higher network latencies, the local cursor overlay moves according to the user’s movements, and the desktop cursor follows with visible lag. Because the overlay provides instantaneous feedback, the user can move the mouse freely without having to wait for the desktop cursor to catch up.

- **Enable Local Cursor and Keyboard:** The local cursor is enabled when this option is selected and the mouse device’s movements are recorded at the client. The movement is reflected via the local cursor overlay in real time. The movements and mouse clicks are sent to the PCoIP host and then to a driver via the exposed PCoIP Host Function PCI device and device drivers. When the driver receives the movement information, the cursor on the workstation is updated.

The local keyboard feature works on a similar concept. The client captures and records keyboard key presses, and then sends them to the PCoIP host. This feature prevents key presses from being dropped. The local keyboard feature does not display an overlay for the typed text, and the text that appears on the screen is affected by the network latency.

---

**Note**

The **Enable Local Cursor and Keyboard** option may be grayed out if not supported. When this happens, a **Why is this unavailable** link appears on the UI Features tab. Move the mouse over the link to see a tooltip explaining how to fix the problem.

- **Visible Cursor(s):** The available options are:
  - **Remote:** Cursor shape drawn by the host PC/workstation. When the **Remote** is selected, you cannot select **Hide the Local Cursor** when idle.
**Local**: Cursor shape drawn by the client. When the **Local** visible cursor option is selected, the remote cursor is hidden. The local cursor overlay icon appears as an arrow with an L in it when the local cursor is visible and the Remote Workstation Card Software cannot display the correct host PC/workstation drawn cursor. For details including information on problems that may occur when hiding the remote cursor, see **Known Issues When Hiding the Remote Cursor**. **Local and Remote**: Both the local and the remote PC/workstation cursors are viewable.

**Local Cursor speed**: Sets the speed of the local cursor overlay. The local cursor speed setting is separate from the mouse speed in Linux.

**Note**
You can also configure the zero client cursor speed using the PCoIP On Screen Display (OSD). See your version of the **PCoIP® Zero Client Firmware Administrators Guide**.

**Hide the Local Cursor when idle**: Select this option to set the local cursor overlay to disappear after one second of idle mouse movement. Uncheck this box to always display the local cursor overlay.

**Note**
The PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software stores separate copies of the WAN Experience configuration settings for each client a user connects to a host from. This lets users enable the feature on certain clients and disable it on other clients. This is useful when a user connects to a host from a client at work over a LAN connection and another client at home over a WAN connection. In this scenario the user might disable the Local Cursor and Keyboard feature for the work client and enable the feature for the home client.

**Enable Local Tablet Driver**: The local tablet driver is enabled when this option is selected and the tablet device's movements are recorded at the client. The movement is reflected via the local cursor overlay in real time. All data received from the tablet is sent to a tablet driver running on the host PC/workstation.

**Note**
The **Enable Local Tablet Driver** option may be grayed out if not supported. **Local Tablet Driver** describes why the feature may be disabled.
• **Enable Client Keyboard Repeat Detection**: Select this option for the client to perform keyboard repeat detection. Uncheck this box for the host OS to perform keyboard repeat detection.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Note</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enable this feature if the latency of the connection exceeds ~150 ms. When this feature is disabled, the host OS performs keyboard repeat detection. The host OS may incorrectly report repeated keys for high-latency connections.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

• **Repeat delay**: Set the length of time that elapses before a character begins to repeat when you hold down a key. This setting is only used when the client performs keyboard repeat detection.

• **Repeat rate**: Set the speed at which a character repeats when you hold down a key. This setting is only used when the client performs keyboard repeat detection.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Note</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>You can also configure the zero client Repeat delay and Repeat rate using the OSD. See your version of the PCoIP® Zero Client Firmware Administrators Guide.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
UI Network Tab

The following figure shows the **Net** tab of the UI. This tab lets you view the network settings of the PCoIP host.

**PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software Settings - Network Tab**

![PCoIP Host Software Settings](image)

The **Net** tab shows the current network information for the host. This tab also reports status information on the NIC of the PCoIP host (speed, duplex setting, and link state—up/down). It also displays the IP and MAC addresses of the client connected to the host under the **Peer** settings.

- **Refresh**: Click this button to get the most up-to-date network settings of the host.

**Note**

The UI does not support changing the network settings. You can configure the network settings through the PCoIP Management Console, Tera2 PCoIP® Zero Client Firmware or Remote Workstation Card Firmware.
Statistics

The following figure shows the Stats tab. This lets you view the PCoIP host session statistics. The statistics are reset when a PCoIP session starts or when you click Reset Statistics.

**Note**

You can also access the PCoIP host card statistics through the PCoIP Administrative Web Interface (see Tera2 PCoIP® Zero Client Firmware Administrators’ Guide or Remote Workstation Card Firmware Administrators’ Guide).

**PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software Settings - Statistics Tab**

![PCoIP Host Software Settings - Statistics Tab](image)

**Traffic**
The Traffic statistics how the number of packets sent and received by the PCoIP host.

- **PCoIP Packets Sent**: Total number of PCoIP packets sent by the host.
- **PCoIP Packets Received**: Total number of PCoIP packets received by the host.
- **PCoIP Packets Lost**: Total number of PCoIP packets that were not received by the host.
- **Bytes Sent**: Total number of bytes sent by the host.
- **Bytes Received**: Total number of bytes received by the host.

**Round Trip Latency**

The Round Trip Latency statistics report the total roundtrip PCoIP system (for example, host to client and back to host) and network latency in milliseconds (± 1 ms). The UI reports the minimum, current, and maximum values.

**Bandwidth**

The Bandwidth statistics show the host’s active bandwidth settings.

- **Active Limit**: The maximum amount of network traffic the PCoIP host may currently generate. The value is derived from the host's configured bandwidth settings (see Tera2 PCoIP® Zero Client Firmware Administrators' Guide or Remote Workstation Card Firmware Administrators' Guide) and the current network congestion levels.
- **Min / Current / Max Utilization**: The minimum, current, and maximum amount of traffic generated by the PCoIP host at a particular moment in time.

**Imaging**

The Imaging statistics show frame-rate information for the displays connected to the client.

- **Display X Frame Rate**: The frame rate of Display X. The statistic is reported in frames per second (fps).
UI Monitors Tab

The monitors tab displays different information depending on which version of xrandr is being used or if zero clients are part of the workstation configuration. Further explanations for each configuration are described by one of the following categories:

- If xrandr version 1.2 or greater is installed on the workstation, the Monitors tab presents information about the attached displays.
- If xrandr version 1.1 or lower is installed on the workstation, you must configure monitor settings.
- If using zero clients, configure the client topology settings.

Xrandr 1.2 or Greater

The figure below is an example of the Monitors tab of a system running xrandr 1.3 with four monitors.

PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software Settings - Monitors using Xrander 1.2 or Greater
Xrandr 1.1 or Lower

On Linux systems that support xrandr version 1.1 or lower, you must match the monitors reported by the client with the screens reported by X Windows. If the monitor configuration settings are not properly set, the Local Cursor and Keyboard feature may be grayed out (disabled) or the local and remote cursors may not be in sync.

This is only necessary when more than one monitor is connected to the client or when X Windows reports more than one active screen. The UI automatically configures the monitor settings when all the following conditions are true:

- X Windows reports only one active screen.
- Only one monitor is connected to the client.
- The client Display Topology settings are configured properly.

The figure below is an example of the Monitors tab from a system with two X Windows screens and two monitors. You must specify which monitor is connected to which screen.
To match the monitors reported by the client with the screens reported by X Windows:

1. Click the `<select monitor>` text and choose **Monitor 1** or **Monitor 2**.
2. Repeat to specify which screen is connected to which monitor until all screens are matched to monitors.

The figure below is an example of the Monitors tab after the monitors are configured.
Zero Client Display Settings

The **Display Topology** tab is on the zero client OSD **User Settings** page.

**Zero Client OSD Display Topology**
• Ensure **Enable Configuration** is selected. This setting is selected by default.

  **Note**

  If this option is not selected, the monitor information shown at the bottom of PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software Settings - Monitors using Xrander 1.1 or Lower with monitors not configured and PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software Settings - Monitors using Xrander 1.1 or Lower with Monitors Configured is not populated, and the **Local Cursor and Keyboard** is greyed out.

• The **Resolution** setting must match the resolution of the host monitor. The default value of this field is **Native**. The **Local Cursor and Keyboard** feature might be grayed out if this setting does not match the resolution of the host screen.
Note

If the system is running xrandr 1.1 or lower, the Remote Workstation Card Software ignores the Layout, Alignment, Primary, Position, and Rotation settings. If the system is running xrandr 1.2 or greater, the Remote Workstation Card Software uses these settings.

For more information on multi-monitor systems, see Requirements for Local Cursor and Keyboard.
UI Image Tab

The following figure shows the Image tab. This lets you view and adjust the PCoIP session image quality preference setting.

PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software Settings - Image

The PCoIP protocol adjusts image quality settings when the network connection between a PCoIP host and client is constrained and unable to provide enough bandwidth to support full frame rate video. The **Image Quality Preference** setting lets you configure a preference for smoother motion (higher frame rate) versus sharper image (higher image quality).
UI About Tab

The **About** tab lets you view the version information of the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software.

**PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software Settings - About**

![About tab screenshot]

PCoIP Host Software
Version 4.7-0.b1097 (Aug 14 2015 16:30:27)
Teradici and PCoIP are registered trademarks of Teradici Corporation.
The `pcoip_agent` command supports the following command line options:

- **Note**

The daemon included with release 4.5.0 and later starts the UI. Do not start the Remote Workstation Card Software manually. In some situations a user might invoke the `pcoip_agent` command from the command line to disconnect a session or query information about the host card.

- To list all supported command line options, enter `pcoip_agent -h`.
- To disconnect a session, enter `pcoip_agent -disconnect`. This method is useful for making a disconnect-session shortcut, or mapping to a favorite key on some keyboards.
- The UI IT auditing feature writes information about the workstation and PCoIP host card to the command line. To invoke this feature, enter `pcoip_agent -info`. This is an example of the output:

```
Host Name: localhost.localdomain
Host IP: 192.168.0.13
Host MAC: 00-2b-68-33-11-28
PCoIP Host SW Version: 3.0.2
PCoIP Host SW Build Date: Apr 18 2012 17:04:42
PCoIP Host card MAC: 00-30-04-0D-61-26
PCoIP Host card IP: 192.168.99.21
```

- The `-ll` option is used to set the logging level of the UI. The supported logging levels are 0=none (default), 1=critical, 2=error, 3=info and 4=debug. To set the logging level to debug enter the following command:

```
pcoip_agent -ll=4
```

- TwinView is a video mode supported by Nvidia graphics cards on multi-monitor workstations. The Remote Workstation Card Software checks if this mode is enabled using the nvidia-settings utility. If TwinView is enabled on a workstation and the nvidia-settings utility is not installed or the utility does not support querying the TwinView option, users must include the `-t` option when starting the `pcoip_agent` executable. To override the Remote Workstation
Card Software code that checks if TwinView is enabled and disable TwinView, include the -dt option.

- Remote Workstation Card Software release 4.0.3 and later include support for the remote cursor synchronization feature which periodically compares the position of the remote and local cursors. The local cursor position is updated when the remote cursor is moved by something other than the local cursor, which may be an application running on the host or a bridged USB tablet. To disable this feature, include the -drcs option to the HostSWOptions setting in the daemon configuration file and restart the Remote Workstation Card Software.

- When the remote cursor synchronization feature is enabled, the Remote Workstation Card Software sends updates to the client every 250 ms when the host cursor moves. The period of these reports can be changed by specifying the -rcsp=10 option, which configures the Remote Workstation Card Software to send reports every 10 ms.

- The command line options -gc= and lc= can be used to specify a global configuration file and local configuration file. See Remote Workstation Card Software Configuration Files for details on using these options.
Local Tablet Driver

In some networks users may notice a visible lag between the movement of the tablet stylus and the movement of the cursor. Using the the local tablet driver feature in the Remote Workstation Card Software helps improve the user experience by reducing the effects of latency in some networks where network latency exceeds 40-60 ms. To activate this feature, check the Enable Local Tablet Driver located on the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software Features tab. Support for some Wacom models may require a minimum firmware version be loaded on the zero client.

When the Enable Local Tablet Driver feature is enabled, there are different Tablet behaviours depending on whether there is an established PCoIP session or whether you are using the tablet just before entering a PCoIP session.

- **In-session**
  When enabled, supported tablets have full Wacom driver feature support while in-session.

- **Pre-session**
  When enabled or disabled, supported tablets in pre-session have cursor movement and single selection functionality.

- **Newly Released Tablets**
  Newer tablets may require tablet drivers not yet installed in the linux kernel of your host PC/workstation. To install the latest Wacom tablet drivers, visit Wacom's installation article for links to the latest Wacom kernel drivers and for installation instructions. The latest drivers can also provide fixes to issues and support for new models.

### Notes

- Tablet display mappings can be found in the zero client OSD user settings.
- Unsupported tablets are automatically bridged to the host and may provide a favourable user experience in networks with low latency.
There are requirements for the local tablet driver feature to work properly. If the Enable Local Tablet Driver checkbox is grayed out, ensure the requirements are met.

Software and Hardware Requirements

- The PCoIP remote workstation card firmware must be 5.x or higher.
- The PCoIP zero client firmware must be 5.x or higher.
- The PCoIP host card and zero client must be Tera2 devices.
- The workstation Linux OS kernel version must be 2.6.30 or higher.

Configuration Requirements

- A maximum of two tablets can be connected to the zero client operating in local tablet mode. Additional tablets must be bridged.
- On multi-monitor workstations the tablet is mapped to the entire desktop by default. If a tablet is mapped to a single display on a multi-monitor workstation, configure both the zero client tablet mapping setting and the host tablet mapping setting. Use the zero client OSD User Setting > Tablet Mapping screen to map the tablet to a single display. Change the host tablet mapping setting by configuring the xsetwacom MapToOutput setting. The local and remote cursors will not be in sync if the zero client and host settings are not configured properly.
- In bridged mode (local tablet driver is disabled), you must map the tablet(s) to display(s) with the xsetwacom MapToOutput command for a zero client connected tablet as you would for a tablet connected directly to the PC.
- To operate the tablet in left-handed orientation, you must configure both the zero client Left Handed Orientation setting and the host tablet Rotate setting. Use the zero client OSD User Setting > Tablet Mapping screen to configure the Left Handed Orientation setting. Change the host tablet setting.

Note

Tablets should have the latest drivers installed to obtain the latest fixes to known issues.
orientation setting by configuring the xsetwacom **Rotate** setting. The local and remote cursors will not be in sync if the zero client and host settings are not configured properly.
Supported Tablets

This release of Remote Workstation Card Software for Linux supports the following Wacom tablets. Unsupported tablets will be bridged to the host PC.

**Supported tablets that use absolute co-ordinates while in-session and in the OSD**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Product ID</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Intuos Pro Medium</td>
<td>PTH-660</td>
<td>0x0357</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intuos Pro Large</td>
<td>PTH-860</td>
<td>0x0358</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Supported tablets that use absolute co-ordinates while in-session and relative co-ordinates while in the OSD**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Product ID</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cintiq</td>
<td>DTK-2241</td>
<td>0x0057</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cintiq</td>
<td>DTH-2242</td>
<td>0x0059</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cintiq 12WX</td>
<td>DTZ-1201W</td>
<td>0x00C6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cintiq 13HD</td>
<td>DTH-1300</td>
<td>0x0304</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cintiq 13HD touch</td>
<td>DTK-1300</td>
<td>0x0333</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cintiq 20WSX</td>
<td></td>
<td>0x00C5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cintiq 21UX</td>
<td>DTZ-2100</td>
<td>0x003F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cintiq 21UX2</td>
<td>DTK-2100</td>
<td>0x00CC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cintiq 22HD</td>
<td>DTK-2200</td>
<td>0x00FA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Supported tablets that use absolute co-ordinates while in-session and relative co-ordinates while in the OSD

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Product ID</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cintiq 22HDT</td>
<td>DTH-2200 (pen)</td>
<td>0x005B</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cintiq 24HD</td>
<td>DTK-2400</td>
<td>0x00F4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cintiq 24HD touch</td>
<td>DTH-2400</td>
<td>0x00F8</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cintiq 27QHD</td>
<td>DTH-2400</td>
<td>0x032A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cintiq 27QHD touch</td>
<td>DTH-2400</td>
<td>0x032A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intuos3 4x5</td>
<td>PTZ-430</td>
<td>0x00B0</td>
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<td>Intuos3 6x8</td>
<td>PTZ-630</td>
<td>0x00B1</td>
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<td>PTZ-930</td>
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<tr>
<td>Intuos5 touch S</td>
<td></td>
<td>0X0026</td>
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<tr>
<td>Intuos5 touch M</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
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<th>Product ID</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Intuos5 touch L</td>
<td></td>
<td>0X0028</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intuos5 S</td>
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<td>0X0029</td>
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<tr>
<td>Intuos5 M</td>
<td></td>
<td>0X002A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intuos Pro S</td>
<td>PTH-451</td>
<td>0X0314</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intuos Pro M</td>
<td>PTH-651, PTH-651/S</td>
<td>0X0315</td>
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<td>Intuos Pro L</td>
<td>PTH-851</td>
<td>0X0317</td>
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<td>Intuos PT S</td>
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<td>Intuos PT M</td>
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<tr>
<td>Intuos P M</td>
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<td>0x0323</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
## Troubleshooting

This topic tables some common issues and suggested solutions. If your problem is not listed, you can capture additional debug information by starting the Remote Workstation Card Software executable with the optional parameter \(-l1=4\), which enables debug logging (see Remote Workstation Card Software Daemon Configuration Files for configuration options).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>When a user logs in, this popup message appears: PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software Error Could not start the agent. Another instance of the agent is already running or the last instance of the agent did not exit properly. Close the other instance or delete the file ‘/tmp/pcoip_hostsw.pid’ and try again.</td>
<td>This occurs when a user’s login script calls pcoip_agent or pcoip_starthostsw. The Remote Workstation Card Software daemon in releases 4.5.0 and higher automatically starts the Remote Workstation Card Software executable, eliminating the need for users to start the program when they log in. Modify the user’s login script so it does not call pcoip_agent or pcoip_starthostsw.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>When connecting from a software client, the display is scaled strangely.</td>
<td>Add this line to Device section of /etc/X11/xorg.conf: Option &quot;FlatPanelProperties&quot; &quot;Scaling = Native&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Client topology is not applied correctly.</td>
<td>Verify that the host Xserver can support the desired topology by setting it with display manager or command-line xrandr.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 4    | Client topology is not applied correctly, including:  
• Not all client windows are enabled (one or more displays are blank).  
• The local cursor overlay is out of sync with the remote cursor.  
• Some or all display rotations are not applied.  
• The primary display specified by the client is not the actual primary display. | Possible solutions:  
• Restart Remote Workstation Card Software:  
  • Right-click the PCoIP icon and select restart.  
  • If the icon is not visible, from a terminal type “killall pcoip_agent”.  
• Disconnect and reconnect the session.  
• Restart X windows to terminate all running applications:  
  • Log out and log in again.  
  • Press Ctrl-Alt-Backspace. |
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<td>5</td>
<td>Incorrect topology applied after connecting or disconnecting (hot plug) zero client monitors while a session is active.</td>
<td>The current Remote Workstation Card Software does not support hot-plugging zero client monitors while a session is active. <strong>Resolution</strong>: Disconnect and restart the PCoIP session.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>When the login screen is active on multi-monitor systems, the primary display specified by the client topology settings might not be the actual primary display.</td>
<td>The Linux login screen sometimes doesn’t correctly process dynamic topology updates. <strong>Resolution</strong>: Restart the X server by pressing Ctrl-Alt-Backspace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>The pcoip_agent application does not start.</td>
<td>Delete the lock file /tmp/pcoiphostsw.pid if it exists and start the UI application.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 8    | The local cursor overlay is out of sync with the remote cursor when the display is rotated by 90, 180, or 270 degrees. | The current Remote Workstation Card Software does not support local cursor on rotated displays:  
• If xrandr version 1.1 or lower is installed on the workstation.
• The “-notopo” option is specified when the createRPM script runs.  
**Resolution**: Do not rotate any displays or use a workstation with xrandr version 1.2 or greater with the “-notopo” option when running the createRPM script. |
| 9    | Only the left, middle, right, forwards, and backwards buttons and horizontal scroll wheel work on the mouse when local cursor and keyboard is enabled. | The current Remote Workstation Card Software supports only the left, middle, right, forwards, and backwards mouse buttons and horizontal scroll wheel in local cursor mode. |
| 10   | A session is active with a soft client and the Local Cursor and Keyboard feature is not enabled at the login screen after the host PC finishes booting. | By default, the Remote Workstation Card Software daemon enables the Local Cursor and Keyboard feature when the login screen is active and a session is active with a soft client.  
**Resolution**: Verify the daemon configuration file /etc/pcoiphostswd.conf does not exist. If the file exists, verify the daemon is enabled. |
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<td>11</td>
<td>The local cursor speed is different from the X Windows cursor speed.</td>
<td>The local cursor does not use X Window's pointer speed or acceleration settings. The local cursor speed of the zero client is configured by the PCoIP UI. The local cursor speed of the soft client is controlled by soft client system's mouse driver.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>The Enable Local Cursor and Keyboard checkbox is grayed out.</td>
<td>System configuration may not meet requirements. See &quot;Requirements for Local Cursor and Keyboard&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>The PCoIP UI icon does not appear in the system tray. Instead it appears on the desktop, typically in the upper left hand corner of the screen.</td>
<td>This occurs when the PCoIP UI starts running before the desktop manager has finished booting. <strong>Resolution:</strong> Delay starting the PCoIP UI by modifying the daemon Host SW Login Start Delay.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>The local cursor feature only works on systems where all active host displays are connected to a single client.</td>
<td>This restriction exists because the client sends absolute cursor data to the host. For this to work properly the client topology must match the host topology. If the topologies do not match, the local and remote cursors will not be in sync. <strong>Resolution:</strong> Ensure all active host displays are connected to a single client.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>The Remote Workstation Card Software does not work in host systems with multiple PCoIP host cards.</td>
<td>The current Remote Workstation Card Software does not work in systems with more than one PCoIP host card.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Only one instance of the UI can run on the workstation.</td>
<td>Multi-user mode is not supported. Do not attempt to run multiple instances of the UI.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>The pcoip_host.kokernel driver does not load.</td>
<td>Open the file /var/log/messages and search for messages with &quot;kernel: pcoip_host.&quot;. View details that are typically hidden while the system boots and look for startup errors and verify pcoip_host loads.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>The Local Cursor and Keyboard feature does not support entering and exiting low power modes (hibernate and standby). This feature may stop working on systems that exit low power state.</td>
<td>Users wishing to put the workstation in a low power state should shut down/restart the workstation after exiting a low power state.</td>
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<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Key presses on the keyboard are dropped when the Local Cursor and Keyboard Repeat Detection features are enabled, the latency of the PCoIP session exceeds 60 ms and the keyboard is connected behind a USB hub.</td>
<td><strong>Resolution:</strong> Connect the keyboard directly to the zero client or install firmware release 4.1.0 or later and ensure only HID devices (keyboard and mouse) are connected to the USB hub.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 20   | When the mouse is connected to the zero client behind a USB hub and Local Cursor and Keyboard is enabled:  
- If remote cursor synchronization is also enabled, the local cursor movement is not smooth.  
- If remote cursor synchronization is disabled, the local cursor does not move. | **Resolution:** Connect the mouse directly to a zero client USB root port or install firmware release 4.1.0 or later and ensure only HID devices (keyboard and mouse) are connected to the USB hub.  
Note: Some zero clients contain an integrated USB hub. USB devices connected to some USB ports are connected to a hub rather than a root port. See see Knowledge Base topic 15134-1486 (How to identify which USB port on my PCoIP zero client is behind an integrated/internal USB hub?) on the Teradici support website. |
| 21   | The zero client display topology settings are configured and enabled, but the settings are not activated when the PCoIP session starts. | If xrandr version 1.1 or lower is installed on the workstation, the Remote Workstation Card Software does not support activating client topology settings.  
**Resolution:** Adjust the display configuration settings using applications installed on the workstation/PC (example applications include nvidia-settings), or use a workstation running xrandr version 1.2 or higher. |
| 22   | The following error message appears when starting the `pcoip_agent` application:  
`Xlib: extension "RANDR" missing on display "*:0.0".` | This has been observed on a CentOS 6.2 system while Xinerama is enabled.  
**Resolution:** Disable Xinerama or ignore the error message. |
<p>| 23   | Both the remote and local cursors are visible when the Visible Cursor(s) option is Local. | Known Issues when Hiding the Remote Cursor describes known issues associated with hiding the remote cursor. |
| 24   | The Visible Cursor(s) dropdown menu does not include the Local option. | Known Issues when Hiding the Remote Cursor describes known issues associated with hiding the remote cursor. |</p>
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<td>25</td>
<td>The local and remote cursors are not in sync or the cursor movement does not match mouse movement.</td>
<td>Typically the Linux distribution requires changes to the X Windows xorg.conf file. For details, see step 5 in section 3.4 &quot;Installing PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software Binary RPM&quot;. This might happen if TwinView is enabled on the workstation and the –t command line option is not specified when starting the Remote Workstation Card Software executable. This might also happen on multi-monitor workstations with Xinerama enabled running CentOS 6.3 and version 310.19 of the Nvidia driver. <strong>Resolution:</strong> Add the –t option to the HostSWOptions setting in the daemon configuration file and restart the Remote Workstation Card Software.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>The local and remote cursors are not in sync, or the cursor movement does not match mouse movement after changing the number of active monitors or the display resolution settings while logged in, or the monitor(s) is blank after connecting to a workstation.</td>
<td><strong>Resolution:</strong> Log off and log on again or press Ctrl-Alt-Backspace. Both actions restart the X server and may fix the problem.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>The workstation is not locked after a PCoIP session ends while a user is logged in and the Lock host PC upon session termination feature is enabled.</td>
<td>The Remote Workstation Card Software calls the pcoip_lockscreen script to lock the screen. For details on the location of the script, see &quot;Installing PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software Binary RPM&quot;. <strong>Resolution:</strong> Modify the script to lock the screen.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>While connected to a workstation over a PCoIP session, mouse movements are slow and the bandwidth from the host to the client is high when the desktop image is static.</td>
<td>Most likely the graphics card has enabled temporal dithering. For details on temporal dithering, see &quot;PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software Installation&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>The UI closes after clicking Apply on the UI Monitor tab.</td>
<td>This is a known problem that will be investigated in the future. <strong>Resolution:</strong> Re-open the UI after clicking Apply.</td>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>The PCoIP UI icon appears as a vertical bar instead of the PCoIP icon in the system tray.</td>
<td>This is a known problem that will be investigated in the future. <strong>Resolution:</strong> Right-click the UI and select <strong>Restart Host SW</strong> or kill the <code>pcoip_agent</code> process by typing <code>killall pcoip_agent</code>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Sometimes the client displays an arrow cursor shape with an &quot;L&quot; in it when Local Cursor and Keyboard is enabled and the Local cursor is visible.</td>
<td>See 'Known Issues When Hiding the Remote Cursor' for scenarios that might cause this. This problem also occurs when the size of the host drawn cursor bitmap exceeds a limit negotiated by the client and host at the start of a session.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Known Issues When Hiding the Remote Cursor

When the local cursor and keyboard feature is enabled, users must configure the Visible Cursor(s) option. When this option is set to Local, the Remote Workstation Card Software hides the remote cursor. Some problems users may observe when the remote cursor is hidden include:

- Animated cursors are not supported on some Linux distributions. The client displays an arrow cursor shape with an L in it when an animated cursor is active.

- Invisible cursor shapes are not supported on some Linux distributions. The client displays an arrow cursor shape with a L when an invisible cursor is active. On some systems an invisible cursor is used when users type text in a terminal.

- Workstations with multiple monitors that enable Xinerama, see that the host cursor is not hidden when the cursor shape changes on monitors other than the primary monitor. The primary monitor is the monitor whose origin is located at position (0, 0). The host cursor remains visible until the cursor shape changes again on the primary monitor.

- The Remote Workstation Card Software hides the remote cursor using API found in version 4 or later of the XFixes package. The Remote Workstation Card Software cannot hide the host cursor if version 4 or later of this package is not installed. The Remote Workstation Card Software checks if the correct package is installed. If the correct package is not installed, the Local option is not included in the list of available Visible Cursor(s).
Known Issues When Using Local Tablet Driver

This section describes some problems users may observe while using the local tablet driver.

If the tablet stylus or mouse is too close to the tablet under specific conditions, move the tablet stylus or mouse away from the tablet for it to work:

- If the state of the Local Tablet Driver feature is changed.
- If the Local Tablet Driver feature is enabled when the session starts.

The tablet must be configured to operate in absolute mode.

The tablet mouse operates in relative mode:

- When a session starts.
- When a tablet is connected to a zero client.
- When the Local Tablet Driver feature is enabled.

To work around this, use the xsetwacom utility to change the mode of the Pen Cursor device from Absolute to Relative and then back to Absolute. You must do this each time the tablet is connected, when a session starts, and when the Local Tablet Driver feature is enabled.

Cintiq 22HD external USB port does not work

Some tablets, such as the Cintiq 22HD, include a built-in USB hub and provide a USB port for an external USB device. If a non-HID USB device is connected to the tablet USB port, the tablet and the device are bridged to the host and the zero client’s local tablet driver does not control the tablet. To work around this, do not connect non-HID USB devices to the tablet USB port.