Welcome to PCoIP Software Client for Linux

Welcome to the Software Client for Linux Administrators' Guide.

PCoIP Software Clients are applications that establish PCoIP sessions with remote Windows, Linux, or macOS desktops. Connections can be made to PCoIP agents installed on virtual or physical machines, or to Remote Workstation Cards in physical workstations.

This guide explains how to install, configure, and use the Software Client for Linux. It includes client system requirements and information on host dependencies.

Who Should Read This Guide?

This guide is intended for administrators and users who install, configure, or use the Software Client for Linux.

Additional Documentation

The following guides contain additional information relevant to PCoIP systems and PCoIP Software Clients:

For more information about HP Anyware, including detailed information on included PCoIP components as well as HP Anyware plans, see the Teradici Cloud Access Architecture Guide.

For more information about Teradici PCoIP agents, which are required on remote virtual machines, see the following pages:

- Teradici PCoIP Graphics Agent for Windows
- Teradici PCoIP Graphics Agent for Linux
- Teradici PCoIP Graphics Agent for macOS
- Teradici PCoIP Standard Agent for Windows
- Teradici PCoIP Standard Agent for Linux

For information about Teradici PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software, which is required on remote workstations using a Teradici PCoIP Remote Workstation Card, see the following pages:

- PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software for Windows
- PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software for Linux

What's New in This Release

The PCoIP Software Client for Linux 22.09 introduces the following features and enhancements:

- Adds support for Ubuntu 22.04: Ubuntu 22.04 is now supported.
- HP Anyware Client User Interface Refresh: This release introduces our newly-redesigned user interface, with a clean, modern feel and greatly simplified connection management. For more information, see Connecting to Remote Desktops.

As part of the interface update, the following settings are now available via the pre-session UI (previously, these were only available programmatically). See the following topics for more information:

- PCoIP Log Level
- PCoIP Client Security Mode
- USB Auto-Forwarding
- Collaboration Input Control: This release introduces input control for PCoIP Ultra
 Collaboration sessions, allowing session hosts to yield mouse and keyboard control to their
 guest collaborators. This feature is off by default and is enabled on the PCoIP Agent. For more
 information, see the guide for the PCoIP agent you are connecting to:
 - Graphics Agent for Windows
 - Graphics Agent for macOS
 - Graphics Agent for Linux
 - Standard Agent for Windows
 - Standard Agent for Linux
- Removed support for Azure Virtual Desktop (AVD) sessions: The Software Client for Linux no longer supports connections to Azure Virtual Desktop (AVD) desktops without PCoIP agent installed. To connect to an AVD session, a PCoIP agent must be installed and configured on the virtual desktop.
- Introduces the next-generation High Performance Client mode [TECHNOLOGY PREVIEW]:
 The next-generation *high performance client* mode is now available as a technology preview for testing and feedback. This new high-performance mode combines the audio and video

performance gains of the legacy high-performance client with the full functionality of the standard client. See Next-Generation High Performance Client more information.

• Bug fixes and stability enhancements.

System Requirements

The following table outlines the system requirements for the PCoIP Software Client for Linux:

System	Version Required
PCoIP Software Client Operating System	 Ubuntu 18.04 Ubuntu 20.04 Ubuntu 22.04 RHEL/CentOS 7 (Technical Preview)
Compatible PCoIP Agents	The Software Client for Linux can connect to any PCoIP agent. Some features require specific agent versions; see the <i>Feature Support</i> section of this guide for details. We recommend always using the same version of PCoIP agent and PCoIP client.
Compatible PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards 1	TERA22x0 with firmware 20.04+ and PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software for Windows or Linux 20.04+.
Supported IP versions	IPv4 and IPV6.



Note: h264 hardware decode

The Software Client for Linux supports h264 hardware decode under limited conditions; see H.264 Hardware Decode for more information.

Hardware System Requirements

For different display configurations Teradici recommends certain processor and RAM combinations:

• For up to dual 1920 x 1080 display configuration Teradici recommends 1.6 GHz dual core processor or higher with at least 4 GB RAM.

• For up to dual 4K/UHD Teradici recommends a 3.0 Ghz quad core processor or higher with at least 8GB Dual Channel RAM.

^{1.} For details on feature limitations between PCoIP Software Clients and PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards, see Connecting to PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards.

Audio Support

Stereo audio output and mono audio input are supported and enabled by default.

The PCoIP Client provides an enhanced audio and video synchronization (AV Lock) feature that provides improved full-screen video playback, reducing the difference in delays between the audio and video channels and smoothing frame playback on the client. This improves lip sync and reduces video frame drops for movie playback. This feature introduces a small lag in user interaction responsiveness when enabled. Using enhanced audio and video synchronization will reduce the maximum frame rate.

Audio input devices should not be bridged to the remote session. Audio input devices are locally terminated and utilize local OS audio drivers. A bluetooth headset can be supported locally, but cannot be bridged.

For more information on the AV Lock feature, see Enhanced Audio and Video Synchronization.

Client Modes

The Software Client for Linux supports the following operational modes:

Standard Client Mode

This mode is the default, and is recommended for most environments. The standard mode provides a good balance of performance features, and has the full complement of in-session menu features.

If you require high framerate support or need PCoIP Ultra AV Lock, you can switch to the High Performance Client mode, described next.



Note: Standard mode does not support PCoIP Ultra AV Lock

PCoIP Ultra AV Lock is supported by the High Performance Client and the Next-Generation High Performance Client Mode. It is not available in the standard client mode.



Tip: Next-generation High Performance Client Preview

The next-generation High Performance Client mode is now available for testing and feedback. See Next-Generation High Performance Client Mode for details.

High Performance Client Mode

High performance client mode is a special mode which provides higher frame rates, with fewer dropped frames, than the default client, and supports PCoIP Ultra AV Lock. This mode is especially beneficial for 4K video workloads.

The High Performance Client has limited in-session client feature support. The High Performance Client does not support the full suite of in-session menu features available on the standard client. For this reason, we recommend the high performance client *only* for scenarios which require high frame rates and reduced dropped frames, or where support for PCoIP Ultra AV Lock is required.

Note: Auto-forwarding by device ID is supported

The high performance client supports auto-forwarding USB devices, such as Wacom tablets, by providing their device IDs in a configuration call; see Vidpid Auto-Forward for details.

High Performance Client Limitations

The high performance client has the following major limitations:

- Only Fullscreen all monitors display mode is supported.
- The following limited in-session menu options are available:
 - · Teradici PCoIP Client menu
 - · Ouit Teradici PCoIP Client
 - Connection menu
 - Send Ctrl + Alt + Del
 - Disconnect (To disconnect use ctrl+alt+~)
 - View menu
 - Minimize Client (You can minimize the client by using ctrl+alt+m)
 - Tablet Monitor
 - Tablet Orientation Left-handed
 - PCoIP Ultra AVLock

To Enable High Performance Client (Legacy) mode:

- 1. If you are in a PCoIP session, disconnect from it.
- 2. In the Software Client for Linux, click the gear icon to open the client settings window.



- 3. In the side navigation panel, click **Advanced**.
- 4. In the advanced settings, find the *Client Mode* section, and select High Performance (Legacy).
- 5. Close the settings window.

Subsequent PCoIP sessions will use the preview version of the High Performance Mode.

To Disable High Performance Client (Legacy) mode:

- 1. If you are in a PCoIP session, disconnect from it.
- 2. In the Software Client for Linux, click the gear icon to open the client settings window.
- 3. In the side navigation panel, click **Advanced**.
- 4. In the advanced settings, find *Client Mode*, and select **Standard Mode** or **High Performance** (Preview).
- 5. Close the settings window.

Subsequent PCoIP sessions will use the mode selected.



Tip: Next-generation High Performance Client Preview

The next-generation High Performance Client mode is now available for testing and feedback. See Next-Generation High Performance Client Mode for details.

Statistics Overlay

The statistics overlay is an additional feature provided by the High Performance Client, which displays performance and configuration data for your connection.

Codec: PCoIP Ultra CPU Encoding: RGB 8|8|8 HW Decode: No FPS: 0.0

The overlay shows the following information:

Value	Description
Codec	Reports the current PCoIP encoding that is in use. Possible values are <i>PCoIP Ultra CPU</i> , <i>PCoIP Ultra GPU</i> and <i>PCoIP</i> .

Value	Description
Encoding	Reports the color space that is being used to encode the information. PCoIP and PCoIP Ultra CPU offload will report RGB 8:8:8 which means full 8 bit RGB pixels are being used. For PCoIP Ultra GPU optimization, either YUV 4:4:4 or YUV 4:2:0 will be used, depending on the system configuration.
HW Decode	Reports whether or not the PCoIP Client is decoding the frames using built-in GPU hardware decoding.
FPS	Reports the current frames per second that are presented on the PCoIP Client.

Once enabled, the overlay can be toggled on and off by pressing Ctrl+Win.

To enable the statistics overlay:

- 1. Open the Software Client for Linux configuration file in a text editor. For instructions and file locations, see Configuration Files.
- 2. Add the following line:

```
enable_high_perf_client_stats_overlay=1
```

3. Save the file.

Next-Generation High Performance Client Mode

The next-generation High Performance Client is now available as a technology preview. This new high performance client combines the best of the current Standard and High Performance Client modes, providing all of the features available to the standard PCoIP client while delivering improved video and PCoIP Ultra AV Lock features.

In a future release, this mode will replace both the standard and High Performance Client (legacy) modes.



Caution: Preview feature

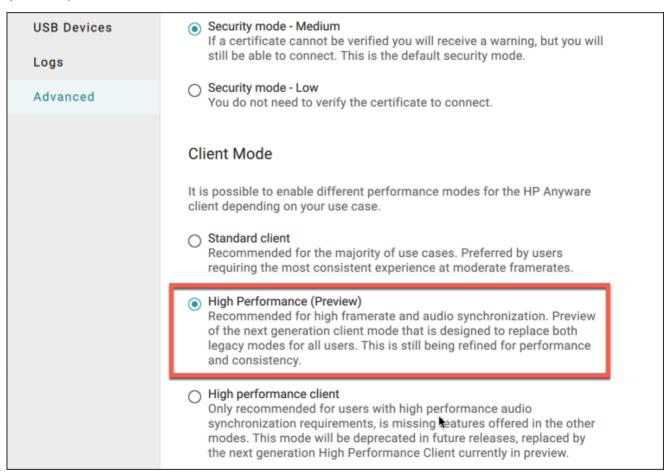
This release of the next-generation High Performance Client may have stability or performance issues in certain situations. We recommend using either the standard mode or legacy high performance mode for production work.

To Enable High Performance Client Preview:

- 1. If you are in a PCoIP session, disconnect from it.
- 2. In the Software Client for Linux, click the gear icon to open the client settings window.



- 3. In the side navigation panel, click Advanced.
- 4. In the advanced settings, find the *Client Mode* section, and select **High Performance** (Preview).



5. Close the settings window.

Subsequent PCoIP sessions will use the preview version of the High Performance Mode.

To Disable High Performance Client Preview mode:

1. If you are in a PCoIP session, disconnect from it.

- 2. In the Software Client for Linux, click the gear icon to open the client settings window.
- 3. In the side navigation panel, click **Advanced**.
- 4. In the advanced settings, find *Client Mode*, and select **Standard Mode** or **High Performance** (Legacy).
- 5. Close the settings window.

Subsequent PCoIP sessions will use the mode selected.

Collaboration

The PCoIP Ultra Collaboration feature enables a user to share their PCoIP session with a remote guest collaborator using a PCoIP Software Client. While connected, the guest collaborator can view the screen output and hear the audio output of the shared PCoIP session.

When discussing this feature, we'll refer to the first user as the *host collaborator*, and the second user who joins the session as the *guest collaborator*.

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Feature Support, Requirements and Limitations

- The PCoIP Ultra Collaboration feature is supported when connecting from any PCoIP software client to any PCoIP agent.
- When connecting to a PCoIP standard agent, PCoIP Ultra CPU Offload is required.
- When connecting to a PCoIP graphics agent 22.07 or later, PCoIP Ultra CPU Offload, GPU Offload, and Auto Offload are supported.
- Collaboration Mouse Visibility only works when the host collaborator and all guest collaborators are using a PCoIP Client in Standard Client mode, or in the next-generation high performance client mode (technical preview). The high performance client mode does not support mouse visiblity.

The features described on this page are only supported when both PCoIP Clients and PCoIP Agents are running on version 22.07 or later.

Enabling and Hosting a Collaboration Session

For information and steps on how to enable collaboration, and how to host a collaboration session, see the PCoIP Agent documentation linked below. The instructions for enabling and hosting collaboration will vary based on the PCoIP Agent you use. You should select the instructions that apply to the PCoIP Agent that you are connecting to:

- PCoIP Graphics Agent for Linux -Collaboration
- PCoIP Graphics Agent for macOS Collaboration
- PCoIP Graphics Agent for Windows Collaboration
- PCoIP Standard Agent for Linux Collaboration

• PCoIP Standard Agent for Windows - Collaboration



Important: User input control

PCoIP Collaboration sessions support user input control, which allows the session host to transfer control of keyboard and mouse input to the guest collaborator. This feature is disabled by default. Instructions for enabling input control, and guidance on usage, are also available in the PCoIP agent documents linked above.

Joining a Collaboration Session

The guest collaborator can join the PCoIP session once they have received the invite link and invite code from the host collaborator. Invite links and codes are generated on the remote PCoIP agent machine; for instructions, refer to the agent administrators' guides linked above.

- 1. Open a web browser and go to the invite link shared with you (you may be able to click this link directly, depending on how it was shared with you).
- 2. The web browser will warn you that the link is attempting to open the *PCoIP Client* application. Allow the browser to open the PCoIP Client.
- 3. When the PCoIP Client opens, it will prompt you for your name and the Collaboration Invitation Code. The value you enter for your name is used to tell the host who is joining; the Collaboration Invitation Code is the six digit number provided by the host. Enter both values and click **Submit**.
- 4. Once the host collaborator accepts your connection request, the Collaboration screen share will start.
- 5. To leave the collaboration session, select **Connection > Disconnect** from the PCoIP Client menu.

Mouse Visibility

Collaboration Mouse Visibility allows the guest collaborator to see the host's mouse cursor movements within a collaboration session. This feature is only available when both collaborators are using a PCoIP client 22.07 or newer, and the PCoIP agent is also version 22.07 or later.

Currently, mouse visibility only works in the default *standard client* mode. *High performance client* mode does not support mouse visibility. See High Performance Client for instructions to enable or disable high performance client mode.

Future releases will add the ability for the Guest Collaborator to take control of the session mouse and keyboard.

Displays

The PCoIP Client supports a maximum of four displays and a maximum resolution of 4K UHD (3840×2160).

Monitors can be arranged in a vertical line, a horizontal line, or as a 2×2 box display. They can be used in any standard rotation (0°, 90°, 180°, or 270°), with any monitor as the primary display.



Note: Using multiple high-resolution displays

Systems with multiple high-resolution displays, such as quad 4K UHD topologies, require powerful system infrastructure. Be sure to use a system with sufficient bandwidth and client capability to support your required display topology.



Important: Attaching monitors to the host machine in not supported

PCoIP client supports a maximum of four displays. Attaching extra monitors to the host machine will conflict with client display topologies.

Language Support

The Software Client for Linux is not currently localized, and is offered only in English. Localization will be added in a future release.

If you require language support in non-English languages, we recommend using the Software Client for Linux 22.07, which is localized.

PCoIP Ultra

The Software Client for Linux provides support for PCoIP Ultra, the latest protocol enhancements from Teradici.

PCoIP Ultra enhancements are controlled on the PCoIP agent. There is no configuration required on the PCoIP Client.



Important: PCoIP Ultra is appropriate for specific use cases

For most users, the default PCoIP protocol will provide the best possible experience. Carefully review the recommended use cases in the next section to determine whether you should enable it.



Requirement: AVX2 Support

On Windows or Linux machines, both the client and agent CPUs must support the AVX2 instruction set. This requirement does not apply to macOS machines.

For additional detail on PCoIP Ultra technical requirements for various use cases and troubleshooting steps, refer to KB 2109: PCoIP Ultra Troubleshooting.

PCoIP Ultra Modes

PCoIP Ultra has three acceleration modes, which leverage CPU and GPU offloading to optimize content delivery.

- Auto Offload: Dynamically switches between CPU and GPU offload modes depending on the
 workload being processed. This setting is appropriate for work-from-home or WAN content
 creators who require optimized delivery of high resolution content, including video playback,
 while still achieving build-to-lossless color accuracy. This mode requires a GPU and a graphics
 agent.
- CPU Offload: Provides efficient scaling across multicore CPUs, leveraging AVX2 instruction sets. Appropriate for users that require CPU-optimized delivery of 4K UHD, high-framerate

video playback and build-to-lossless color accuracy. It is also useful when GPU encoding resources must be reserved for video encoding applications, typically in LAN environments.

• **GPU Offload**: PCoIP encoding is always offloaded to a GPU. Appropriate for users who demand the highest possible CPU efficiency. This mode requires a GPU and a graphics agent.

Enabling PCoIP Ultra

PCoIP Ultra is disabled by default, and must be enabled on the PCoIP agent. The method used to do this varies by agent type; consult the following documentation for instructions:

- PCoIP Graphics Agent for Windows
- PCoIP Graphics Agent for macOS
- PCoIP Graphics Agent for Linux
- PCoIP Standard Agent for Windows
- PCoIP Standard Agent for Linux

Auto-Offload with PCoIP Ultra

When using a PCoIP graphics agent, PCoIP Ultra can automatically select and switch between CPU-offload and GPU-offload modes based on the amount of pixel change in the displays. When displays are rendering highly dynamic content, PCoIP Ultra will enable GPU Offload to provide improved frame rates and bandwidth optimization. When displays are less dynamic, PCoIP Ultra defaults to CPU offload to provide the best image fidelity.

PCoIP Ultra Offload only takes effect if the remote PCoIP graphics agent and the PCoIP software client are capable of both CPU and GPU offload.

The PCoIP Ultra offload mode is set on the PCoIP agent; PCoIP Ultra Auto Offload requires a PCoIP Graphics Agent. Refer to the appropriate documentation for instructions:

- PCoIP Graphics Agent for Windows
- PCoIP Graphics Agent for macOS
- PCoIP Graphics Agent for Linux

PCoIP Codec Indicator

When enabling PCoIP Ultra there will be an onscreen indicator at the bottom left corner of the screen. PCoIP Ultra CPU optimization is indicated with a dark blue dot. PCoIP Ultra GPU optimization is indicated by a magenta dot.

To disable this codec, update the pcoip.code_indicator parameter:

```
~/.pcoip.rc pcoip.codec_indicator = 0
```

Ensure that you maintain the space before and after the = sign.

H.264 Hardware Decode

The PCoIP Software Client for Linux supports H.264 hardware decode for selected hardware configurations by using the PCoIP Client to enable the decode. For information on this, see H.264 Hardware Decode.

Printing Support

The following are the printing options available with the PCoIP Client:

- Local USB Printing: Printing to a USB printer locally attached to the Client device.
- Remote Network Printing: Enables printing to a network printer on the nost machines
 network. Not suitable in situations here the PCoIP Software Client device is not on the same
 network as he host device.
- Cloud Printing: This is access to external Cloud Services that are set-up on your local
 workstation and network. Once these services have been correctly configured they can be
 used by the PCoIP Software Client.
- Local Network Printing: Enables printing from the host machine to a printer in the PCoIP Client machine's local area network. This method is suitable for printing when host and client are not on the same network or for identifying and printing to local printers that exist in multisite organizations.

Support for each of these methods varies depending on which PCoIP agent the Software Client for Linux connects to. The Software Client for Linux printing support is as follows:

	Windows agents	Linux agents	macOS agents
Local USB Printing	_	_	_
Remote Network Printing	✓	_	_
Local Network Printing	✓	_	_
Cloud Printing	~	_	_

Relative Mouse Support

Relative Mouse is a method of translating mouse movements as a delta from the last mouse position rather than a move to an absolute position on the screen. This type of mouse control is used in many CAD/CAM, Visual Effects and First-Person Gaming software. In a CAD program you may want to control an objects orientation in 3-D with mouse movements. Moving the mouse to the left or right rotates the object around the Z-axis, and moving the mouse up or down rotates the object around the X-axis. As you continue to move the mouse left the object continues to rotate about the axis, and the rotation is not bounded by the mouse stopping at the boarders of the screen.

While in relative mouse mode, the mouse cursor is not visible since it the mouse is controlling directional movement and is not pointing to a location on the screen.

Applications that use relative mouse movements generally provide methods for entering or exiting relative mouse mode, for instance clicking on an object with the middle button. While the middle button is held down the object may be controlled using relative mouse movements.

Relative mouse mode is supported by all PCoIP clients. Note that PCoIP Zero Clients must be configured to enable it.

Relative mouse mode is supported by the following agents:

- PCoIP Standard Agent for Windows
- PCoIP Graphics Agent for Windows
- PCoIP Standard Agent for Linux
- PCoIP Graphics Agent for Linux

Relative mouse mode is not supported by the PCoIP Graphics Agent for macOS.



Note: Only supported on standard mode

Relative Mouse is not supported when a client is running in High Performance Mode. It is only supported in standard mode.

Enabling Relative Mouse

The following sections outline how to enable relative mouse support on the Software Client for Linux.

Enabling from the Menu Tab

The following steps outline how to enable relative mouse from the menu tab, while connected to a supported PCoIP Agent with a supported PCoIP Client:

- 1. Click **Connection** from the menu tab.
- 2. Select the **Relative Mouse** option and click it to enable it. Once the check-mark is visible beside the Relative Mouse option it is enabled.

If you are connected to a PCoIP Agent version that does not support relative mouse then you will not be able to select this option.

Enabling with a Hot-Key

To enable relative mouse using a hot-key, while connected to a supported PCoIP Agent with a supported PCoIP Client, press ctrl+alt+r. This will toggle the feature on and off. This will only work if you are connected to a PCoIP Agent version that supports relative mouse.

USB Support

PCoIP Clients supports redirecting USB devices to a remote session. Administrators can set rules governing allowed and disallowed devices, device classes, or device protocols.



Important: USB support is enabled by default

USB bridging is enabled by default. If you want to restrict or disable USB support, you can globally disable or set rules governing USB behavior via GPO settings on the PCoIP Agent.



USB Redirection

USB redirection is only intended to be used with a single instance of the PCoIP Software Client. Launching a second instance of the PCoIP Software Client while USB devices are redirected from another client may not work as expected.

Isochronous USB device support

Some USB devices with time-sensitive information, such as webcams, are supported when connecting to the PCoIP Agent for Linux.

Additionally, Teradici's technology partners provide solutions to expand peripheral support. For more information, look for partners listed under Peripherals on the Teradici Technology Partners page.

Wacom Tablet Support

The Software Client for Linux supports Wacom tablets in two configurations: *bridged*, where peripheral data is sent to the desktop for processing, and *locally terminated*, where peripheral data is processed locally at the Software Client.

Locally-Terminated Wacom Tablets

Locally terminated Wacom tablets are much more responsive, and tolerate high-latency connections better than bridged.

Local Termination is automatically used whenever it is supported for a device. If you prefer to use bridged mode—if, for example, you must use sophisticated tablet features like touch, which is not supported by local termination—you can override this behavior by blacklisting a device for local termination.

Local termination requires a supported PCoIP agent (any type), and a supported Software Client for Linux.

PCoIP client support for locally terminated Wacom tablets and the Software Client for Linux

	PCoIP agents (Windows) ■	PCoIP agents (Linux)	PCoIP Graphics Agent for macOS	PCoIP Remote Workstation Card
Intuos Pro Small PTH-460	✓	~	_	_
Intuos Pro Medium PTH-660	~	~	✓	_
Intuos Pro Large PTH-860	~	~	~	_
Cintiq 22HD DTK-2200	~	✓	_	_

	PCoIP agents (Windows) ■	PCoIP agents (Linux)	PCoIP Graphics Agent for macOS	PCoIP Remote Workstation Card
Cintiq 22 DTK-2260	~	~	_	_
Cintiq Pro 24 DTK-2420	~	~	_	_
Cintiq 22HDT - Pen & Touch DTH-2200	_	_	_	_
Cintiq Pro 24 - Pen & Touch DTH-2420	✓	✓	_	_
Cintiq Pro 27 DTH-271	~	~	_	_
Cintiq 32 Pro - Pen & Touch DTH-3220	~	~	_	_



Important: Touch is not supported

Touch features of Wacom devices are not supported with local termination.

Bridged Wacom Tablets

Bridged Wacom tablets should be used only in low-latency environments. Tablets that are bridged in network environments with high latency (greater than 25ms) will appear sluggish and difficult to use for artists, and are not recommended.

When connecting a Wacom tablet, bridged mode is used only if local termination is not available. To override this behavior, causing the Software Client for Linux to use bridged mode instead, add the device to the Local Termination Blacklist.

Note: Graphics Agent for macOS does not support bridged Wacom tablets

The Graphics Agent for macOS only supports local termination of Wacom devices.

The following Wacom tablet models have been tested and are supported on the Software Client for Linux:

PCoIP client support for bridged Wacom tablets and the Software Client for Linux

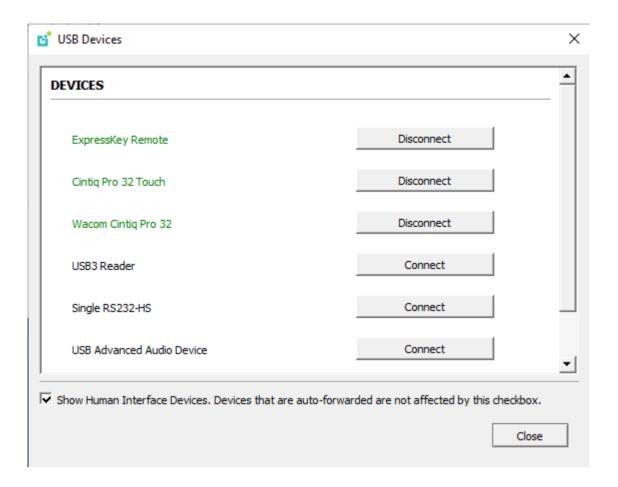
	PCoIP agents (Windows) ■	PCoIP agents (Linux)	PCoIP Graphics Agent for macOS	PCoIP Remote Workstation Card
Intuos Pro Small PTH-460	~	~	_	✓
Intuos Pro Medium PTH-660	~	~	_	~
Intuos Pro Large PTH-860	~	~	_	✓
Cintiq 22HD DTK-2200	✓	~	_	✓
Cintiq 22 <i>DTK-2260</i>	✓	~	_	~
Cintiq Pro 24 DTK-2420	✓	~	_	~
Cintiq 22HDT - Pen & Touch DTH-2200	✓	✓ Ubuntu only	_	✓
Cintiq Pro 24 - Pen & Touch DTH-2420	~	~	_	~

	PCoIP agents (Windows)	PCoIP agents (Linux)	PCoIP Graphics Agent for macOS	PCoIP Remote Workstation Card
Cintiq Pro 27 DTH-271	~	✓	_	_
Cintiq 32 Pro - Pen & Touch DTH-3220	~	~	_	✓

Connecting Cintiq Pro 32 Tablets

The Wacom Cintiq Pro 32 appears as *three* separate devices in the USB menu. You should connect the following USB devices to use this tablet:

- ExpressKey Remote
- Cintiq Pro 32 Touch
- Wacom Cintiq Pro 32



Known Issues

The following limitations apply to Wacom tablet support:

- Touch only works on the Cintiq Pro 32 Pen & Touch (DTH-2420). Touch functionality is not supported for any other Wacom tablet.
- ExpressKey Remote does not work on the Wacom Cintiq Pro 32 (DTH-3220). You should still connect this device when connecting the Wacom tablet.
- There are cursor limitations when working with the Wacom Cintiq 22HD (DTK-2200) and Wacom Cintiq Pro 24 (DTK-2420) for both bridged and locally terminated devices.
- Control buttons on the Wacom Cintiq Pro 32 (DTH-3220) do not function when locally terminated.
- PCoIP Clients are not compatible with NoMachine and No Machine USB drivers. For information on how to uninstall NoMachine USB drivers, see No Machine's knowledge base.



Important: Wacom devices must be connected to the session for full feature support

Locally-terminated Wacom tablets must be connected to the PCoIP session using the Software Client for Linux's insession menu in order to use pressure sensitivity and other supported features. If a device is plugged into a USB port but is *not* connected to the session, it will behave as a simple pointer device; this creates a confusing situation where the device initially appears to work, but expected features do not function.

Webcam Support

The Software Client for Linux now supports USB webcams when connecting to a PCoIP Agent for Windows. USB webcams can now be used while in the remote desktop, including with applications such as Microsoft Teams or Zoom.

For detailed information which models have been tested and the performance metrics associated with these models see here. This knowledge base article also deals steps on how to test and verify other webcam models.

This feature is enabled by default.

Requirements

Webcam support requires the following:

- Software Client for Linux, 21.07+
- PCoIP Standard Agent for Windows or PCoIP Graphics Agent for Windows, 21.03+
- USB-attached webcam.

Notes and Limitations

- Webcams must be connected via USB. Webcams that are not USB, such as embedded laptop webcams, are not supported.
- Linux agents are not supported.
- PCoIP Software Client for macOS is not supported.
- If the browser on the remote desktop terminates when a webcam is connected, you must disable the webUSB setting in Chrome by running the following command in the search bar of the Chrome browser:

chrome://flags/#enable-webusb-device-detection

Open the Chrome menu and disable the webUSB flag.

Setup

On the PCoIP Software Client, connect the webcam as described in USB Bridging of Webcams.

Console Game Controller Support

PCoIP Software Clients are compatible with the following console game controllers:

- PS4
- PS5
- · Logitech F310 gamepad

The following console game controllers are supported with the PCoIP Zero Client:

- Xbox One 2015
- Xbox One
- · Xbox One S
- Xbox One Bt
- · Xbox One Elite

Installing the Software Client for Linux on Ubuntu

To install the PCoIP Software Client for Linux software:

In this section, you will learn how to install and uninstall the Software Client for Linux on Ubuntu. There are a few prerequisites to complete before a PCoIP Software Client for Linux installation will work.

Prerequisites

- These instructions assume you have already built the desktop machine, and that the machine meets the client's requirements.
- You must be have super user (root) privileges and be able to issue sudo commands.
- Ensure a graphical environment has been installed/configured on the Software Client system by running the following command:

```
sudo systemctl get-default
graphical.target
```

A desktop environment is required

Before proceeding, install a desktop environment of your choice. Kubuntu distributions are bundled with KDE; you can install KDE from other distributions by using this command:

```
sudo apt install kubuntu-desktop
```

To install Mate Desktop, use this command:

```
sudo apt install ubuntu-mate-desktop
```

These commands are provided as a convenience; there is no requirement for KDE or Mate Desktop. Any desktop environment will work.

Installing the PCoIP Software Client for Linux

To install the PCoIP Software Client for Linux:

1. Install the Software Client for Linux repository, using the script on our download site.



teradici-repo Package

If you do not install the teradici-repo package then you will not be able to successfully install the PCoIP Software Client. You may be experiencing this issue if you see an error message stating **Unable to locate pcoip-client**. Please ensure you download and install the repo.

2. Install the PCoIP Software Client for Linux:

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt install pcoip-client
```

3. Launch the *pcoip-client* to create default configuration files and then guit the client.

Refer to the reference section for additional information, such as Disabling the Virtual Terminal Functionality and configuring Linux Keyboard Shortcuts.

Kernel Network Configuration

The pcoip-configure-kernel-networking.sh script is installed with the PCoIP Software Client for Linux. This script tunes the kernel networking configuration to facilitate the network performance required by the Client. You need to run this script after installing the PCoIP Software Client for Linux.

Run the following command:

```
sudo pcoip-configure-kernel-networking --persistent
```

The script contains the following parameters:

- rmem_max: A kernel parameter that controls the maximum size of receive buffers used by sockets.
- rmem_default: A kernel parameter that controls the default size of receive buffers used by sockets.
- ipv4.udp_mem: A kernel parameter that controls the maximum total buffer-space to allocate.
- netdev_max_backlog: A kernel parameter that controls the maximum size of the receive
 queue.



rmem_max size

This parameter must be at least as large as rmem_default /

The values of these parameters can be viewed on the command line when the script is run, as outlined in the example below:

```
# cat /etc/sysctl.d/01-pcoip-client.conf
net.core.rmem_max = 32000000
net.core.rmem_default = 32000000
net.ipv4.udp_mem = 1000000 2000000 4000000
net.core.netdev_max_backlog = 2000
```

Troubleshooting PCoIP Session Connection Issues

If you encounter issues with your PCoIP Session, please see the following KB article: https://help.teradici.com/s/article/1027. This article details some potential causes and fixes for common connection issues.

Installing the Software Client in Silent Mode

To install the Software Client for Linux in silent mode, use the following command:

```
sudo apt install -y <pcoip-client deb package>
```

Uninstalling the PCoIP Software Client for Linux

To uninstall the PCoIP Software Client for Linux

To uninstall the PCoIP Software Client for Linux:

sudo apt-get remove pcoip-client

Updating the PCoIP Software Client for Linux

Updates to the PCoIP Software Client for Linux will be published on a regular basis. New stable builds will be produced approximately every three months.

To upgrade to the latest version, use the following two commands:

sudo apt update
sudo apt install pcoip-client

Connecting to Remote Desktops



Important: Welcome to our new user interface!

In release 22.09, the Software Client for Linux user interface has been redesigned from the ground up. If you're a new user, you should find the new interface easy to follow; for existing users, note that some behavior has changed. Notes appear throughout this page when a task has changed from previous releases.

The Software Client for Linux can connect to any remote host with a PCoIP agent installed and configured, or a PCoIP Remote Workstation Card. Remote hosts can be Windows, macOS, or Linux, and can be made directly (client to host) or through a connection manager in enterprise deployments.



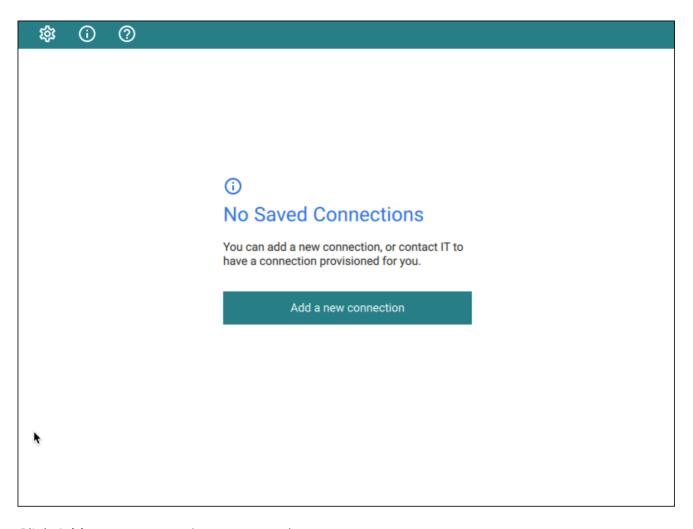
Note: PCoIP Remote Workstation Card connections

Connections to PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards require preparation on the remote machine before they will work. For details, see Preparing for PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Connections.

Creating Your First Connection

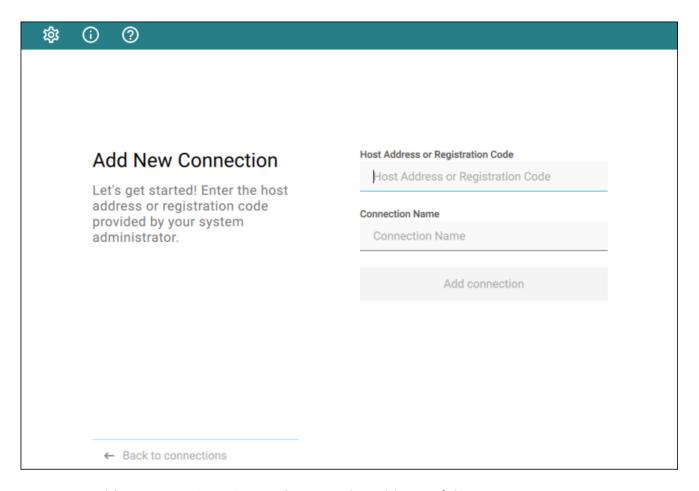
The first step is to create a *connection* to either your agent (for direct connections) or to your connection manager (for managed deployments).

- 1. Launch the Software Client for Linux.
- 2. If this is your first connection, the Software Client for Linux will prompt you to create one:



Click Add a new connection to proceed.

3. In the Add New Connection pane, there are two fields to provide:

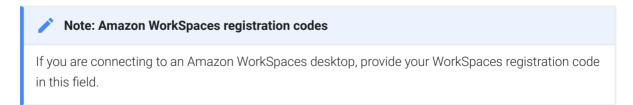


• Host Address or Registration Code: Enter the address of the remote system you want to reach (you should have this information from your system administrator). This field accepts IP addresses, domain names, and registration codes, as in these examples:

An IP address: 123,456,789,012

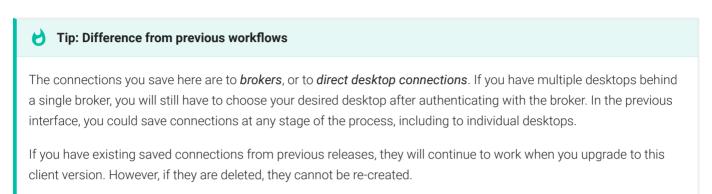
A domain name: remote-desktops.example.com

A registration code: a1b2c3!@#



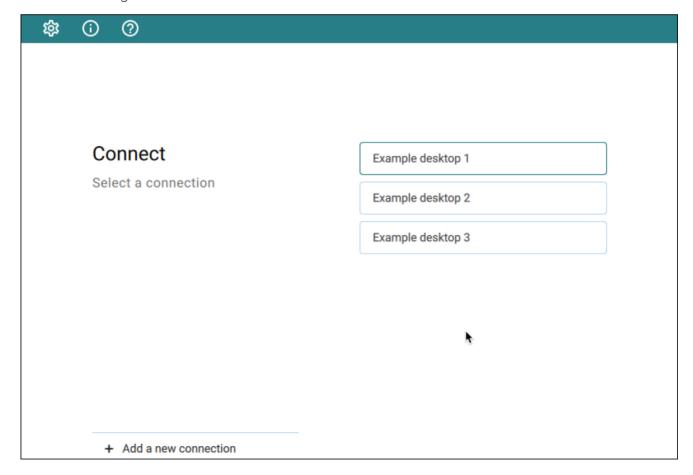
- Connection Name: Provide a name for this connection. This can be anything; you will use this name to select this connection in future sessions. You can always change it later.
- 4. Click Add connection.

Once this is done, you'll see the connection you created shown as a clickable button. You can add as many connections as you like, by clicking **+ Add a new connection** at the bottom of the *Connect* pane.

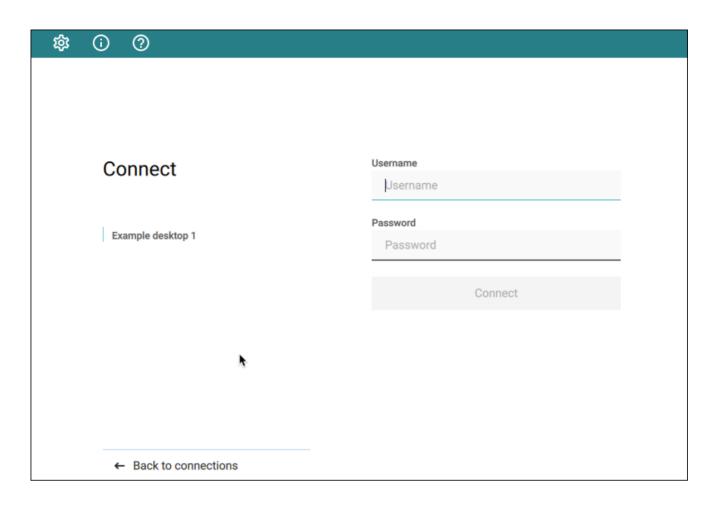


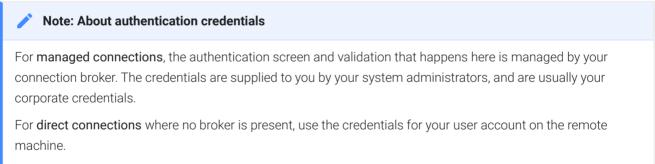
Connecting to a Session

1. Assuming you have created at least one connection, the Software Client for Linux will now look something like this:

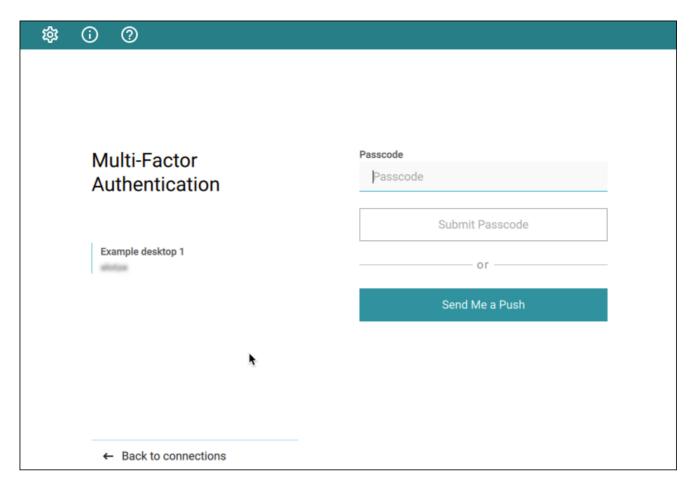


2. Click the name of the connection you want. Next, provide your username and password:

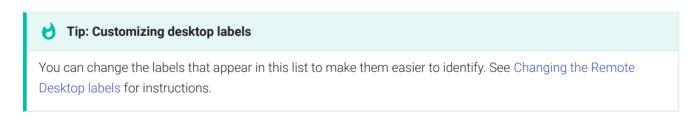


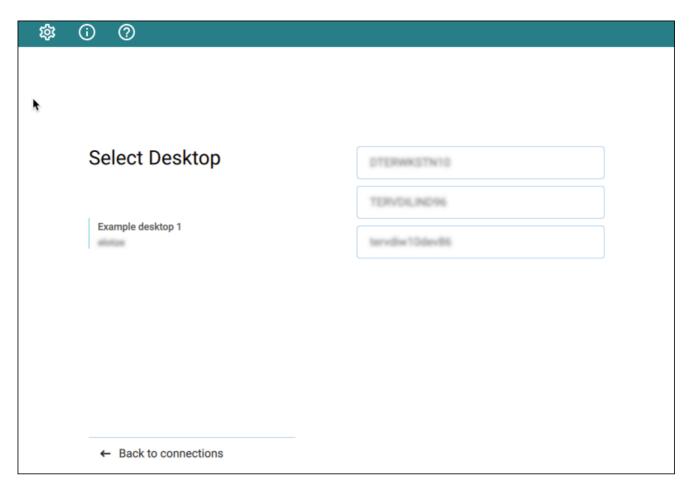


3. If your system is configured for multi-factor authentication, you will see a *Multi-Factor Authentication* screen next; either provide your passcode if you have one, or click **Send Me a Push** to have an authentication request sent to your registered device.



4. Once your credentials are accepted, the Software Client for Linux shows you a list of your authorized desktops.





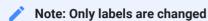
Click the desktop you want to connect to.

Once you have selected your desktop, you will be connected to it and your PCoIP session will begin. The connection will use the display mode you last used (windowed, fullscreen one monitor, or fullscreen all monitors), unless altered by a launch-time configuration.

There may be a delay of a few seconds before you have control of your mouse and keyboard; this is normal.

Changing Remote Desktop Labels

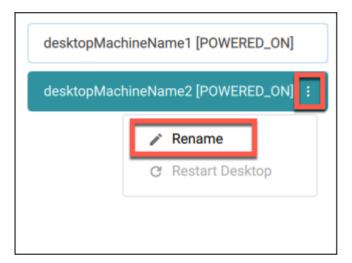
By default, the Software Client for Linux displays the *machine names* of your remote desktops. These names can often be obscure strings that are difficult to identify or differentiate. You can modify the name shown in the desktop list to give them human-friendly names that are easier to understand.



This procedure changes the desktop's label, shown in the client interface. It does not change the desktop's machine name

To change the label for a desktop:

- 1. Select a connection in the Software Client for Linux and provide your credentials.
- 2. From the list of displayed desktops, find one you want to change and click its expansion icon to reveal the context menu:



- 3. Click Rename.
- 4. Provide the new, human-friendly name you'd like to see instead of the machine name.
- 5. When finished, your desktops will appear using the name you specified:



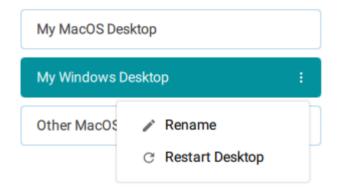
Restarting Remote Desktops

If your deployment supports remote restarts, you can command a desktop to restart from the Software Client for Linux pre-session interface (before you have connected to a PCoIP session).



To restart a remote desktop:

- 1. Select a connection in the Software Client for Linux and provide your credentials.
- 2. From the list of displayed desktops, find one you want to restart and click its expansion icon to reveal the context menu:



3. Click Restart.

The remote desktop will be restarted. Note that it will be unavailable for connections until the restart is complete, which may take several minutes depending on the system.

Preparing for PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Connections

You can connect to remote workstations equipped with a PCoIP Remote Workstation Card, and with PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software (for Windows or Linux) installed.

Refer to System Requirements for supported versions.

Initial Workstation Configuration

Before you can connect to your remote workstation for the first time, you must install software and make some configuration changes. These actions only need to be taken once for each remote workstation in your system:

Record the MAC address of the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card

Before you install the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card, record the MAC address of the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card; this will allow you to log into the card to configure its settings. Type https://pcoip-host-<MAC_ADDRESS>.mydomain where <MAC_ADDRESS> is the MAC address of your PCoIP Remote Workstation Card and mydomain is the local domain of your network. This step is important as the host driver function is disabled by default, so the Remote Workstation Card Software will not pick up information about the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card, such as the MAC address. The MAC address enables you to connect to the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card to view the IP address and enable the host driver function.

For more information on IP and MAC information relating to the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card, see How do I find the IP address of my newly installed PCoIP Zero Client or PCoIP Remote Workstation card? in the knowledge base.

- Install the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Agent: To connect to a PCoIP Remote Workstation Card machine with a PCoIP Software Client, the *Remote Workstation Card Agent* software must be installed.
- Verify accessibility: Both the NIC of the workstation and the NIC of the PCoIP Remote
 Workstation card need to be accessible by the PCoIP Software Client. They can be on different
 local networks as long as both are accessible by the PCoIP Software Client. If they are both

behind a NAT and accessed by the PCoIP Software Client then the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Agent must send the NAT'ed address to the PCoIP Software Client when connecting.

• Enable monitor emulation for the video ports on your remote workstation: If monitor emulation is not enabled, you may see blank gray screens when you connect from the PCoIP Software Client.

To enable monitor emulation, log in to the card's Administrator Web Interface (AWI) and select **Enable Monitor Emulation on Video Port n** from the **Configuration > Monitor Emulation** menu. For more information, see the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Administrators' Guide.

- **Disable temporal dithering**: Temporal dithering causes blurriness, heavy packet loss, and high CPU usage on the PCoIP Software Client machine.
- Linux workstations: configure PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software to Start

 Automatically: To configure the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software to start

 automatically, log into the workstation using a PCoIP Zero Client or directly from a local

 mouse and keyboard, and modify the workstation startup script to launch the PCoIP Remote

 Workstation Card Software. For details, see Installing PCoIP Remote Workstation Card

 Software Binary RPM in the PCoIP® Remote Workstation Card Software for Linux User Guide.

Once the remote workstation is properly configured, you can use the Software Client for Linux to connect to it.

Connecting to a PCoIP Remote Workstation Card through the command line

You can connect directly to a PCoIP Remote Workstation card from a PCoIP Software Client by launching the client from the command line. For details, see hard host in client configuration.

PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Limitations

Not all features with the Software Client are fully supported when connecting to a PCoIP Remote Workstation Card. The following section outlines these limitations against certain features.

Audio: PCoIP Remote Workstation Card uses a hardware based audio protocol which is not fully supported on the Software Client.

Topology: Single display configurations will work. There may be disruptions in the forms of black bars or scroll bars on the client if the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card does not support the display configuration on the client.

USB: Connecting USB devices to the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card is not supported.

Performance: The PCoIP Remote Workstation Card does not support PCoIP Ultra enhancements.

Connecting Remotely using NAT or VPN

The same principles that apply for PCoIP Zero Clients apply to PCoIP Software Clients when connecting to multiple hosts through a WAN. Connections from a PCoIP Software Client to a Remote Workstation Card across a WAN will require a VPN or NAT setup with enterprise level NATing devices. For information on how to connect a PCoIP Software Client to a Remote Workstation Card installed in a Windows host computer, see Conections from Software Clients in the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Administrators' Guide.

Disconnecting a Session

To disconnect a PCoIP session:

- 1. If you are in a full-screen mode, reveal the Software Client for Linux menu bar by moving the mouse cursor to the top of a display.
- 2. From the Software Client for Linux menu bar, select Connection > Disconnect.



Tip: Quickly disconnect from a session

To quickly disconnect from a session, press Ctrl+Alt+F12.

Quitting the PCoIP Client application will also disconnect the current session.

Using Displays

When you connect to a PCoIP session, the Software Client for Linux shows your remote desktop as one or more displays. The number of displays it shows is constrained by your local system's available monitors (and the PCoIP protocol itself, which supports up to four monitors).

You can choose whether the Software Client for Linux shows your remote session as a single display in a resizable window, or as one or many full-screen displays.

You can also add or remove local displays during a session.

Display Modes

Using the Software Client for Linux, you can switch between three display modes. Note that some of these modes are system-dependent; for example, if your local system has only one monitor, you will not see options for multiple displays.

- Windowed mode: A single display shown in a window.
- Full Screen All Monitors: All available local monitors are used in full-screen mode to show the remote desktop.
- Full Screen One Monitor: A single display shown full-screen on the local system.

Windowed Mode

In Windowed mode, the Software Client for Linux provides a single window, resizable and movable, which contains the remote desktop. The remote desktop will rescale to fit your window dimensions if you change them.

To use windowed mode:

- 1. Reveal the Software Client for Linux menu bar by moving the mouse cursor to the top of a display.
- 2. From the Software Client for Linux menu bar, select View > Leave Fullscreen.

Full Screen Modes

In full-screen modes, the Software Client for Linux expands to fill either one local display or all of your local displays.

In both full-screen modes, the Software Client for Linux menu bar is hidden. To reveal it, move your mouse cursor to the top of the display and hover for a moment.



Tip: Quickly switch to full-screen mode

You can guickly switch from windowed mode to whichever full-screen mode you used last by pressing ctrl+alt+Enter.

Full Screen All Monitors

In full screen all monitors mode, the application expands to present full-screen remote displays on all of your local monitors. The remote desktop will map a remote display to each of your local displays.

You will only see this option if your local system has multiple displays.

To use Full Screen All Monitors mode:

- 1. If you are in *full-screen one monitor* mode, reveal the Software Client for Linux menu bar by moving the mouse cursor to the top of a display.
- 2. From the Software Client for Linux menu bar, select View > Fullscreen All Monitors.

Full Screen One Monitor

In *full screen one monitor* mode, the presents a single full-screen remote display on one of your monitors.

If you switch from Full Screen All Monitors to Full Screen One Monitor, all open windows and applications will be moved onto the single display.



Tip: Monitor selection

The local monitor chosen for full-screen display depends on the mode you are switching from:

- If switching from windowed mode, the client's current display becomes full-screen.
- If switching from *full screen all monitors* mode, the display used to select *fullscreen one monitor* mode becomes full-screen.

To use Full Screen One Monitor mode:

- 1. If you are in a full-screen mode already, reveal the Software Client for Linux menu bar by moving the mouse cursor to the top of a display.
- 2. From the Software Client for Linux menu bar, select View > Fullscreen One Monitor.



Note: Systems with only one display

If your local machine has only one display, the menu option will say Show Fullscreen.

Adding or Removing Displays

You can add or remove local displays during a PCoIP session. If you are using full screen all monitors mode, you must detect the changes before they will be effective. Note that in the case of removing monitors, this could mean that some applications or information is inaccessible until the *detect monitors* command is issued.

Detecting Monitors

If the local display configuration changes during a session—for example, if you attach a new local monitor, or disconnect an old one—the display mapping between the local and remote topographies is no longer accurate, leading to unpredictable display behavior. You must be refresh the display mapping to accurately show the new configuration.

To synchronize local display changes:

1. If you are in a full-screen mode already, reveal the Software Client for Linux menu bar by moving the mouse cursor to the top of a display.

2. From the Software Client for Linux menu bar, select View > Detect Monitors.

The local display configuration will synchronized with the remote. The local displays may flicker or go black momentarily while the remote system updates its display topography.

Connecting USB Devices

Remote desktops can use USB devices that are attached to the client, using a process called *redirection*. USB devices are not automatically redirected to the remote desktop; they must be specifically connected to the session.



Note: Excludes Mice and Keyboards

Normal Human Interface Devices (HID), such as keyboards and mice, are always connected and used by the remote desktop. This page describes using non-HID USB devices such as tablets or cameras.

Important considerations

- USB functionality depends on PCoIP Agent configuration: The remote PCoIP agent must be
 configured to allow USB redirection. If it is not, only HID devices like keyboards and mice will
 be used, and the Connection > USB Devices option will not be visible in the Software Client for
 Linux menu bar.
- Local Termination and Bridging: Most USB devices are bridged to the host, which means their input is sent directly to the host machine for processing. Certain devices, including ePadLink Signature Pads and some Wacom tablets, connect using a different method called local termination. This mode does some pre-processing of device information locally at the client before forwarding to the host, resulting in increased responsiveness and better tolerance of high-latency networks.

The mode chosen is automatic, unless overridden. See Wacom Tablets for information about which Wacom tablets are supported.

- Persistence: USB device connections do not persist across multiple PCoIP sessions. You must connect your USB device each time you connect.
- NoMachine USB Drivers: PCoIP Clients are not compatible with NoMachine and No Machine
 USB drivers. For information on how to uninstall NoMachine USB drivers, see NoMachine's
 knowledge base.

Connect a USB Device

To Connect a USB device:

- 1. Attach the USB device you want to connect to your local machine.
- 2. Select Connection > USB Devices from the PCoIP Software Client menu.

A list of all USB devices connected to your client machine appears. The list includes both external devices you plug in and integrated devices such as laptop cameras.

The name shown in the list is self-reported by the device; some devices will identify themselves only as *USB Device*.



Important: Connecting special HID devices

Because most Human Interface Devices (HIDs) are automatically processed by the Software Client for Linux, they do not appear on this list even if they use a USB connection. However, certain HID devices—like 3D mice and Wacom tablets—actually do require processing on the remote host, and will not work as expected unless connected to the session.

To show these hidden HID devices and allow them to be connected, enable the **Show Human Interface Devices** checbox. You may also need to perform additional configuration steps or install drivers on the remote machine.

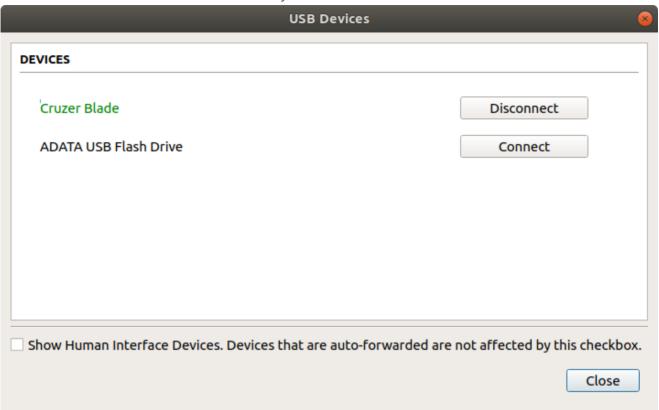
3. Click Connect beside the USB device you want to use.



Disconnect a USB Device

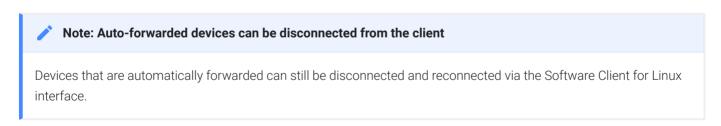
1. Select Connection > USB Devices from the PCoIP Software Client menu.

2. Click Disconnect beside the USB device you want to disconnect.



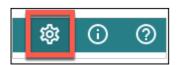
Automatically Forward All USB Devices

Automatic forwarding allows you to bridge all non-HID USB devices without requiring a manual connection step.

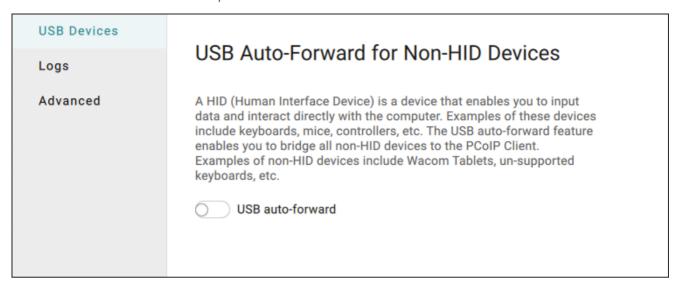


To enable automatic USB forwarding in the pre-session interface:

- 1. Disconnect any active PCoIP sessions and return to the pre-session interface.
- 2. Click the gear icon to open the settings window:



3. Click **USB Devices** in the left side menu, then enable **USB auto-forward** in the **USB Auto-Forward for Non-HID Devices** panel.



To enable automatic USB forwarding programmatically:

To enable automatic forwarding programmatically, launch the client using either the command-line or URI methods and use the usb-auto-forward flag. For more information, see USB Auto-Forward in the Configuration section.

Automatically Forward Devices by Vendor ID/Product ID

You can automatically forward specific devices to the remote host without requiring a manual connection step (devices not specified can still be connected manually, as shown above).



Note: Auto-forwarded devices can be disconnected from the client

Devices that are automatically forwarded can still be disconnected and reconnected via the Software Client for Linux interface.

Devices are identified by their Vendor ID and Product ID (VID and PID, respectively) which together make a unique identifier. You can specify up to 20 devices to automatically connect using this method. If more than 20 devices are provided, only the first 20 will be accepted. The rest will be ignored, and noted in logs.

Invalid VID/PID pairs are discarded, and noted in logs.

To enable automatic forwarding by Vendor ID and Product ID, launch the client using either the command-line or URI methods and use the vidpid-auto-forward setting, providing the VID/PID pairs for the devices you want to connect. For more information, usage, and examples, see Vidpid Auto-Forward in the Configuration section.

Identifying Vendor and Product IDs

If you do not know the Vendor ID and Product ID of the device you want to automatically forward, you can discover them using the client logs.

To discover the Vendor and Product IDs:

- 1. Unplug all USB devices.
- 2. Launch the Software Client for Linux.
- 3. Plug in the device.
- 4. Close the Software Client for Linux.
- 5. Find the most recent PCoIP Client log file.
- 6. In a log viewer or text editor, look for lines containing MGMT_USB : Device, and VID=. In this example, there are two entries with MGMT_USB : Device; we want the first line, which also contains the VID and PID assignments:

- 7. VID and PID assignments appear like this: $VID=0x<VID_VALUE>PID=0x<PID_VALUE>$. The VID and PID values we need are the strings after 0x.
 - Continuing the example, VID=0x18a5PID=0x0302 means the VID we want is 18a5, and the PID is 0302.
- 8. The VID/PID pair is expressed as <VID>, <PID> . Following our example, this device would be specified as 18a5,0302 .
- 9. Provide this (and others, if applicable) VID/PID pair to Vidpid Auto-Forward when launching via command line or URI, as indicated above.

Connect USB Webcams

USB Webcams may be used in remote sessions by connecting them to a Windows remote session as USB devices. This feature has been tested with a limited number of popular webcams, including the Logitech C920. See PCoIP Cloud Access Software Webcam Support for a current list of tested webcams.

This feature is only supported by the Graphics Agent for Windows and the Standard Agent for Windows, and is limited to resolutions of 480p or lower.

Configuring Wacom Tablets

This section outlines how to configure your Wacom tablet through the PCoIP Client session. There are two available features within the PCoIP Client that can be used to configure the monitor display and orientation.



USB Connection Instructions

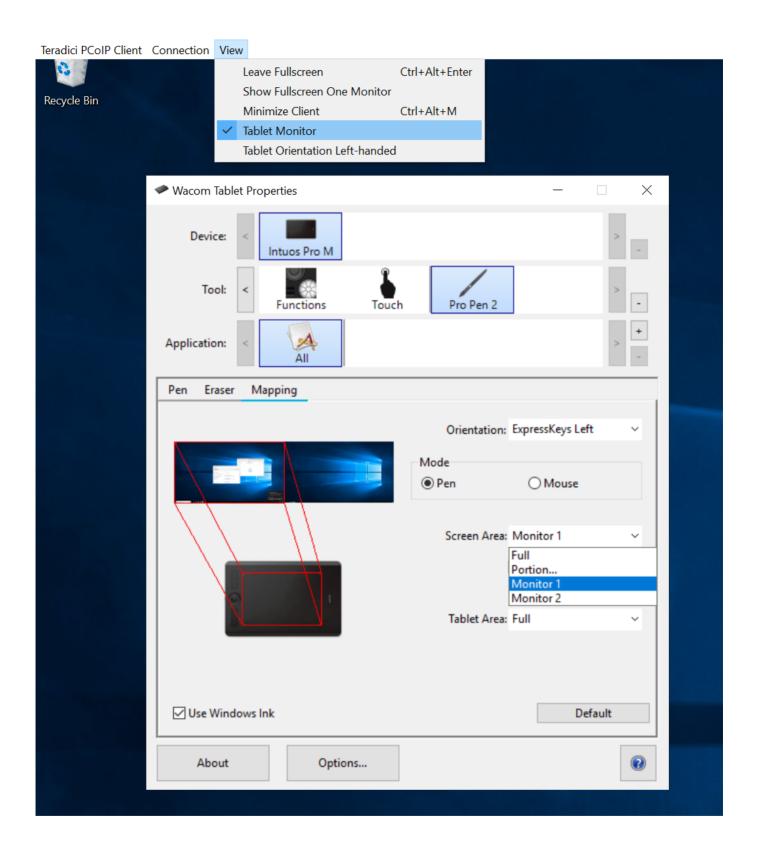
Before you carry out the Wacom tablet monitor configurations below, you must connect to the device by following the instructions outlined in the Connecting to USB Devices section.

Wacom Tablet Monitor

The Tablet Monitor feature enables you to select the monitor you want to use with your Wacom tablet. You can change between using a pen or mouse and select the orientation position.

To configure Tablet Monitor settings:

- 1. Select View from the in-session options bar.
- 2. Check the **Tablet Monitor** option.
- 3. Open Wacom Tablet Properties from the Wacom Desktop Center.
- 4. Select your device, tool and application.
- 5. Select your screen area from the dropdown menu.

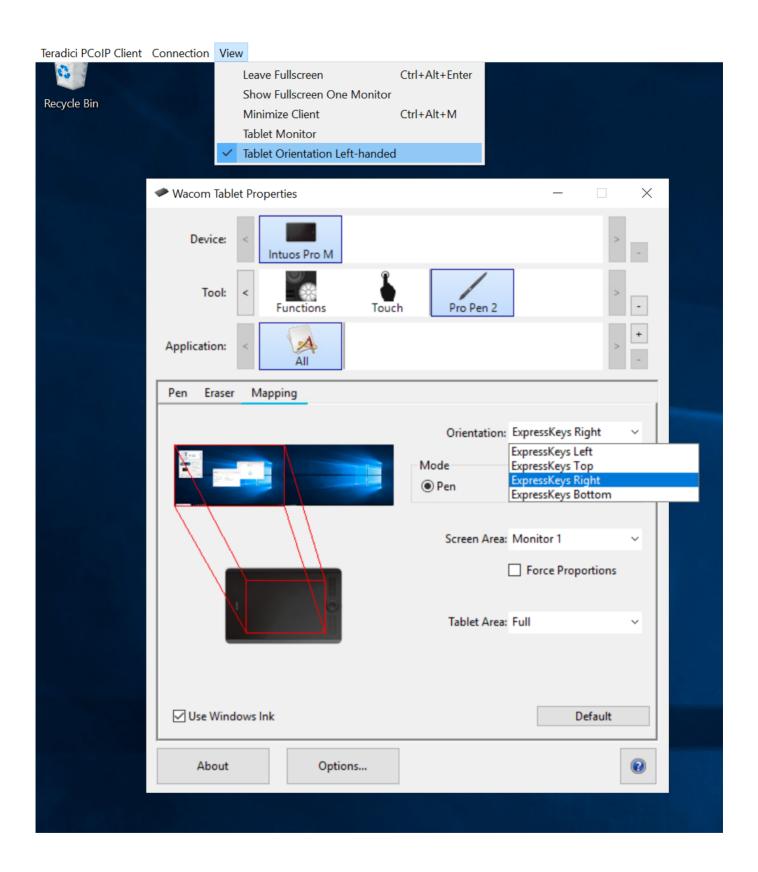


Tablet Orientation Left-handed

The left-handed orientation configures the tablet for a left-handed orientation. Select **ExpressKeys Right** for a left-handed orientation, and **ExpressKeys Left** for a right-handed orientation. Rotate the tablet to the desired orientation.

To configure Tablet Orientation:

- 1. Select View from the in-session options bar.
- 2. Check the **Tablet Orientation Left-handed** option.
- 3. Open Wacom Tablet Properties from the Wacom Desktop Center.
- 4. Select your device, tool and application.
- 5. Select your orientation from the dropdown menu.



Enhanced Audio and Video Synchronization

Enhanced Audio and Video Synchronization provides improved full-screen video playback, reducing the difference in delays between the audio and video channels and smoothing frame playback on the client. This improves lip sync and reduces video frame drops for video playback.

This feature introduces a small lag in user interaction responsiveness when enabled. Using enhanced audio and video synchronization will reduce the maximum frame rate.

AV Lock is enabled on a per-display basis, so you can dedicate individual displays to playback without impacting responsiveness on the others.

To use AV Lock:

- 1. If you are in full-screen mode, reveal the menu bar on the display you want to enhance by moving the mouse cursor to the top of the screen.
- 2. On the display you want to enhance select View>AV Lock to toggle the enhanced sync mode.

0

Persistent Display Topology

The Enhanced Audio and Video Synchronization feature is persistent across sessions from the same client, provided that the display topology has not changed.

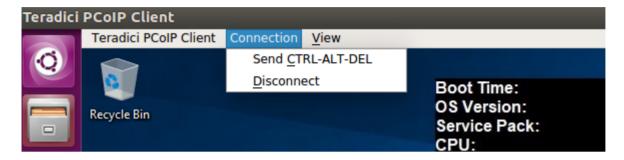
PCoIP Ultra AV-Lock

PCoIP Ultra AV-Lock enables regulated synchronization of audio and video frames. When audio is playing the video frames will be delayed to align with the audio sound track. When there is no audio playing the video frames will be presented to the user without delay. For some use cases, such as video editorial, audio video synchronization is critical and must be tolerant of variable network conditions that may be present with remote work.

PCoIP Ultra AV-Lock enables more regulated synchronization of audio and video frames compared to Enhanced AV Sync described above. PCoIP Ultra AV-Lock is available with PCoIP Ultra CPU Offload, GPU Offload or Auto Offload. You must enable the High Performance Client mode for this feature to function correctly, for information on this, see High Performance Client.

Sending a Ctrl-Alt-Del Command

To send the Ctrl-Alt-Del keyboard command to a remote workstation, select the **Connection > Send CTRL-ALT-DEL** menu option.



Configuring the PCoIP Software Client for Linux

The Software Client for Linux provides a number of configurable settings and behaviors, which allow the setting of user options, performance modes, and triggering actions like automated connections. These settings are not persistent and cannot be set via the user interface; they are set by launching the application using one of the methods described next.

To configure a client instance, you must launch it using one of these methods:

- On the command line, with configuration values passed inline as flags, or
- Via a URI, providing your configuration values in an encoded JWT string.

Setting Configuration Values on the Command Line

To set configuration values this way, launch the Software Client for Linux from a command prompt, and include the required options as flags. Multiple flags can be included in the same line. Use the following conventions when setting these parameters:

Туре	Format
Boolean	No value is required; the flag implies "True"
Numeric	Provide the parameter and then the numeric value, separated by a space.
String	Provide the parameter and then the string value, separated by a space. Values can be wrapped in double quotation marks if they contain spaces.

The following example launches the client in full-screen mode, sets log level 3, and points to a connection broker at broker.domain.com (if your application is installed somewhere else, use your own path instead):

```
/usr/bin/pcoip_client --connection-broker broker.domain.com --log-level 3 --full-screen
```

The available settings are shown below.

Setting Configuration Values via a URI

Using this method, the Software Client for Linux is launched using a URI with configuration options (and, optionally, connection credentials) encoded in a JWT token string.

To use this method, create a URI with the following structure:

pcoip://[broker]/connect[?data={jwt}]

Where each segment shown above is:

Segment	Description
pcoip://	Required . This scheme is registered with the operating system and will launch the Software Client for Linux.
broker	Optional. FQDN of the connection broker to use. If the connection is not brokered, this can be omitted.
/connect	Required. Requests a connection with the parameters defined in "?data"
? data={jwt}	Optional. The string indicated by {jwt} here is a JWT payload, containing any required configuration settings and connection credentials. If all you want to do is launch the client with no options set, this can be omitted.

The JWT payload can contain both credential information and client configuration. To create the JWT payload:

- 1. Create your configuration and credentials as a JSON object, using available configuration parameters and authentication credentials.
- 2. Encode the object as a JWT token.
- 3. Pass the token through the URI as the data parameter.

For example, the following JSON object would launch the client in full-screen mode, with log level 3:

```
{
    "fullscreen":true,
    "log-level":3
}
```

Encoded, and pointing to a connection broker at broker.domain.com, this would result in a URI similar to the following:

```
pcoip://broker.domain.com/connect?
data=eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJmdWxsc2NyZWVuIjp0cnVlLCJsb2ctbGV2ZWwiC
```

The available settings are shown below.

Configurable Settings

The following settings can be configured on the Software Client for Linux.

General Settings

These settings affect the client's behavior both in and out of PCoIP sessions.

Language

Sets the user interface language.



Caution: Localization is not available in this release

Localization has not been implemented in this version of the user interface, and will always display English text. This parameter is ignored.

Localization support will be implemented in a future release.

Options	Default	Туре
English only in this release	Not set	string

Usage

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	~	locale	_	locale zh_CN
URI	~	locale	loc	{loc: "zh_CN"}

Connection Settings

These settings control how the Software Client for Linux connects to PCoIP sessions.

Connection Broker

The connection broker's URL.

Note that this parameter is used by the command line only; when using the URI method, the connection broker URL is part of the URI (not part of the configuration JWT payload).

Values	Default	Туре
The URL for the connection broker, if present	_	string

Usage

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	~	connection-broker	- b	-b broker.domain.com
URI	_	_	_	_

Desktop

The name of the desktop to connect to.



Usage

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	~	desktop	_	desktop myDesktop
URI	~	desktop	vm	<pre>{vm: "myDesktop"}</pre>

Domain

The domain to send to the connection broker.

Options	Default	Туре
The name of the domain to provide to the connection broker.	_	string

Usage

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	~	domain	-d	domain domain.example.com
URI	~	domain	dom	<pre>{dom: "domain.example.com"}</pre>

Hard Host

If connecting to a PCoIP Remote Workstation Card (also known as a *hard host*), provide its URL using this parameter.

This option is ignored if the connection-broker url is provided.

Options	Default	Туре
The URL for the Remote Workstation Card.	_	string

Usage

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	~	hard-host	-h	-h rwc.example.com
URI	_	_	_	_

Password

The password sent to the Connection Broker, for logging into a desktop. **Transmitting passwords** this way is not recommended.



Note: Command-line only

Passwords can only be sent via the command line. You cannot send a password in a JWT payload.

Options	Default	Туре
A string password.	Not set	string

Usage

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	~	password	-p	-p mypassword
URI	_	_	_	_

Security Mode

The security mode used for validating connections.



Note: This setting can be provided in the user interface

This setting is available from the user interface, in addition to the methods described here. For details, see PCoIP Software Client Security Modes.

Options	Default	Туре
0 : Verification not required1 : Warn, but allow2 : Full verification required	1 : Warn, but allow	integer

Usage

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	~	security-mode	-8	-s 2
URI	~	security-mode	sec	{sec:2}

Session ID

This setting launches the JSESSIONID. This parameter is only available via JWT; it cannot be used on the command line.

Options	Default	Туре
The session ID to launch.	Not set	boolean

Usage

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	_	_	_	_
URI	~	sessionid	sid	{sid: exampleSessionID}

Username

The username sent to the Connection Broker.

Options	Default	Туре
The username to pass to the connection broker	Not set	string

Usage

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	~	username	-u	-u myUsername
URI	~	username	usr	{usr: "myUsername"}

USB Settings

These settings control how USB devices connect to PCoIP sessions, including rules for which devices are allowed to be forwarded.

Disable USB

USB devices are available by default. Use this flag to disable USB connections. This will not prevent simple human input devices like mice or keyboards from connecting.

Options	Default	Туре
true: disabled	false (USB enabled)	boolean
false: enabled		

Usage

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	~	disable-usb	_	disable-usb
URI	~	disable-usb	nousb	{nousb: true}

USB Auto-Forward

This setting auto-forwards all non-HID devices to the host.

Options	Default	Туре
True: Auto-forward USB devices	False (do not auto-forward)	boolean
False: Do not auto-forward USB devices		

Usage

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	~	usb-auto-forward	_	usb-auto-forward
URI	~	usb-auto-forward	uaf	{uaf: true}



Vidpid Auto-Forward

To auto-forward specific devices, provide their VID and PID values separated by a comma (,). Multiple values can be provided, separated by spaces. Enclose the list in quotation marks.

Options	Default	Туре
The list of VID,PID values to auto-forward	Not set	string

Usage

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	~	vidpid-auto- forward	_	vidpid-auto-forward "aa11,bb22 cc33,dd44"
URI	~	vidpid-auto-forward	vaf	{vaf: "aa11,bb22 cc33,dd44"}

If you are not sure of the device's ID values, see Identifying Vendor and Product IDs for instructions.

Vidpid Black List

To block specific devices from auto-forwarding at all, provide their VID,PID values as a space-separated list using this parameter.

This setting overrides usb-auto-forward and the USB dialog in the client interface.

Options	Default	Туре
The list of VID,PID values to block	Not set	string

Usage

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	~	vidpid-black- list	-	vidpid-black-list "aa11,bb22 cc33,dd44"
URI	~	vidpid-black-list	vbl	{vbl: "aa11,bb22 cc33,dd44"}

If you are not sure of the device's ID values, see Identifying Vendor and Product IDs for instructions.

Session Behavior Settings

These settings control the client's behavior once a session is connected.

Fullscreen Mode

Fullscreen mode enables the display topology to support multiple monitors as an extended desktop.

If both fullscreen and windowed parameters are sent, the client will launch in Windowed mode.

Options	Default	Туре
true: full screen	Not set (uses client's last-set mode)	boolean
false: windowed		

Usage

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	~	fullscreen	-f	-f
URI	~	fullscreen	full	{full: true}

Windowed Mode

Launches the client in windowed mode.

If both fullscreen and windowed parameters are sent, the client will launch in Windowed mode.

Options	Default	Туре
True : Launch in windowed mode	False (does not request windowed mode)	boolean
False: Do not request windowed mode		

Usage

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	~	windowed	-w	-w

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
URI	~	windowed	win	{win: true}

Log Settings

These settings control logging functionality, including verbosity and file location.

Log Folder

A custom location for client log files.

Options	Default	Туре
A valid system path to a folder	Not set	string

Usage

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	~	log-folder	_	log-folder path/to/folder
URI	_	_	_	_

Log ID

A unique ID that will identify sessions in all PCoIP log files (including those created by other components like agents and a connection manager).

Options	Default	Туре
A unique session identifier	Not set	string

Usage

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	~	log-id	_	log-id abcde1234
URI	_	_	_	_

Log Level

Sets the log level. This parameter will override any existing configuration values.

Options	Default	Туре
0 : Critical 1 : Error 2 : Info 3 : Debug 4 : Verbose	Not set	integer

Usage

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	~	log-level	-1	-1 2
URI	~	log-level	logl	{logl:2}



Note: This setting is available in the user interface

This setting is also available in the client's pre-session user interface, by clicking the gear icon and selecting Logs.

Log Prefix

A user-defined prefix for log files. This value will be prepended to the timestamp in the log file name, like this:

<log-prefix value><timestamp>

Log files are saved in the location provided by log-folder.

Options	Default	Туре
A prefix to use in generated log file names	Not set	string

Usage

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	~	log-prefix	_	log-prefix example-prefix
URI	_	_	_	_

Advanced Settings



A Caution: General use of these settings is not recommended

These settings are intended for specific use cases, and can drastically alter the behavior of the Software Client for Linux. Unless you understand what these settings do, and have a clear need to use them, they should be avoided.

Disable Hotkeys

Session convenience hot keys, such as Ctrl+Delete+F12 (which disconnects a PCoIP session) are available to users by default. Use this flag to disable all hotkeys.

Options	Default	Туре
true:disabled	false (hotkeys enabled)	boolean

Usage

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	~	disable-hotkeys	_	disable-hotkeys
URI	~	disable-hotkeys	nohot	<pre>{nohot: true}</pre>

Disable Menu Bar

The PCoIP client menu bar is available to users by default. Use this flag to disable the menu bar, preventing users from accessing it or executing any of its functionality.

Options	Default	Туре
true: disabled	false (menu bar enabled)	boolean
false: enabled		

Usage

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	~	disable-menubar	_	disable-menubar
URI	~	disable-menubar	nomenu	{nomenu: true}

Enable Scaling

This setting enables scaling on the PCoIP Client without having to specify the desktop resolution. This can only be configured on a single display. This is off by default.

Options	Default	Туре
true : scaling enabled	false (scaling disabled)	boolean
false: scaling disabled		

Usage

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	~	enable-scaling	_	enable-scaling
URI	~	enable-scaling	scale	{scale: true}

Force Native Resolution

This setting sets the resolution of the Client monitor to the native resolution when the session client is launched. This can only be configured on a single display.



Note: Windows client only

This parameter is only available on Windows clients. It will have no effect if provided to a Linux or macOS client.

Options	Default	Туре
true : force enabled	false (Resolution force disabled)	boolean

Usage

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	~	force-native-resolution	_	force-native-resolution
URI	~	force-native-resolution	native	<pre>{native: true}</pre>

Maintain Aspect Ratio

This setting maintains the display aspect ratio between the host and the Client. Maintaining the aspect ratio in this way can result in letterboxing if the two devices are naturally different.

This can only be configured on a single display.

Options	Default	Туре
true : Maintain aspect ratio	False (does not maintain aspect ratio)	boolean
false : Do not maintain aspect ratio		

Usage

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	~	maintan-aspect-ratio	_	maintain-aspect-ratio
URI	~	maintain-aspect-ratio	aspect	{aspect: true}

Quit After Disconnect

If this is enabled, disconnecting from the PCoIP session will immediately quit the {! ./_common/name.md! }. The pre-session interface will not be available after disconnecting.

Options	Default	Type
True : Quit on disconnect False : Do not quit, show pre-session UI on disconnect	False (does not quit on disconnect)	string

Usage

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	~	quit-after-disconnect	_	quit-after-disconnect
URI	~	quit-after-disconnect	qad	{qad: true}

Set Host Resolution

This setting locks the resolution of your host application display.

Provide the value as a string, made up of the *horizontal resolution*, the letter "x", and the *vertical resolution*. For example, "1024x768".

This can only be configured on a single display.

Options	Default	Туре
A fixed resolution the host must use.	Not set	string

Usage

Advanced Settings

Method	Valid	Full	Alias	Example
Command Line	~	set-host-resolution	_	set-host-resolution 1024x768
URI	~	set-host-resolution	res	{res: "1024x768"}

HID Local Termination Blacklist

Local Termination of Wacom tablets provides the best user experience in networks with high latency, however some features of the tablet may not be fully supported with local termination. A HID local termination blacklist has been added to override the preferred local termination mode.

Devices on the blacklist would be bridged to the remote desktop. To enable the HID local termination blacklist, add the following setting to ~/.config/Teradici/Teradici\ PCoIP\ Client.ini. The vendor and product IDs are separated by a comma and multiple devices are separated by a space.

```
localtermination_black_list "vid,pid vid2,pid2"
```

For more information on USB Vendor ID/Product ID Auto-Forward, see USB Vendor ID/Product ID Auto-Forward.

Troubleshooting HID Local Termination Blacklist

The following lines should appear in the PCoIP Agent log if a device is using HID local termination:

```
pcoip server log: `LVL:2 RC: 0 MGMT_KMP :Client added HoIP device (id:0x000a0005)
with vendor id=0x056a, product id=0x0391`
pcoip client log: `LVL:2 RC: 0 MGMT_USB :HoIP supported device detected (Vid:
0x056a, Pid: 0x0391), using HoIP protocol for local termination'
```

H.264 Hardware Decode

The PCoIP Software Client for Linux supports H.264 hardware decode for selected hardware configurations on supported hardware platforms by using the PCoIP Client to enable the decode. This enables improved frame rate performance when using PCoIP Ultra GPU-Offload or Auto-Offload, especially in conjunction with high resolution content. This feature must be used in combination with the High Performance Client and enabled and invoked with <code>--use-eg1</code>. Hardware decoding is only supported for Chroma subsampled H.264 encoded data which is a PCoIP Agent configuration setting, which is only supported on the Graphics Agent for Windows or Graphics Agent for Linux. To enable the decode functionality on the PCoIP Client edit the file <code>~/.pcoip.rc</code> and add the following line:

 $pcoip.enable_hw_h264 = 1$



Intel Integrated Graphics Recommended

Currently the PCoIP Client does not support H.264 hardware decoding functions on NVIDIA graphics cards. Teradici recommends endpoint devices configured with integrated Intel UHD graphics. Hardware decoding will only work if the graphics driver on the client computer supports the VAAPI.

PCoIP Software Client Security Modes

The PCoIP Software Client uses certificates to verify the identity of the host to which it connects. The security mode is configured by the security_mode setting in the Teradici PCoIP Client configuration file or by setting its value in the pre-session user interface.

Three security mode options are available:

Level	Setting value	Description
High	2	Full verification is required; users cannot connect unless a certificate can be verified.
Medium	1	Warn but allow (default). If the certificate cannot be verified, warn the user, but allow them to connect.
Low	0	Always allow; verification is not required.

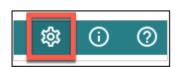
PCoIP sessions are always encrypted

Your PCoIP session is still encrypted and secure if you connect with security mode 0 or 1. The red padlock icon indicates that the certificate presented by the host is not signed by a trusted certificate authority in the client's certificate store, not that the session is insecure.

Setting the Security Mode

To set the security mode using the pre-session interface:

- 1. Disconnect any active PCoIP sessions and return to the pre-session interface.
- 2. Click the gear icon to open the settings window:



- 3. Click **Advanced** in the left side menu, and find **Security Modes** in the right panel.
- 4. Select the desired security mode.

USB Devices Logs	Advanced
Advanced	Security modes
	The Anyware Client uses certificates to verify that the server connection is secure. You can select the security mode that best suits your needs. Security mode - High Full verification is required. You cannot connect unless the certificate has been verified. Security mode - Medium If a certificate cannot be verified you will receive a warning, but you will still be able to connect. This is the default security mode. Security mode - Low You do not need to verify the certificate to connect.

To set the security mode programmatically:

- 1. Open ~/.config/Teradici/Teradici PCoIP Client.ini in a text editor.
- 2. Add a line that specifies the security_mode and sets the level:

```
security_mode = <value>
```

...where <value> is the integer corresponding to the desired security level (0, 1, or 2).

3. Save the file and close the editor.

System Libraries

The following system libraries are used by the Software Client for Linux:

- · libcap2
- · libbz2
- · libc6
- · libegl1
- libgcc
- libgl1
- · libharfbuzz0b
- · libpng16
- libprotobuf10
- libpulse0
- · libqt5
- libssl1.1
- libstdc++6
- libudev1
- libva-drm2

Previously these libraries had been distributed along with the client application. Security updates to these packages are available via system updates.

Installing the Internal Root CA Certificate in a PCoIP Client

Your root CA certificate must be installed in any PCoIP client that will be used to connect to the PCoIP Agent.

Installing Root CA Certificates in the PCoIP Software Client for Linux



Active Directory group policies

For information on using Active Directory Group Policy to distribute certificates to client computers, see http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc772491.aspx.



Important: Root CA Certificate must have a .crt extension

You must change the root CA certificate's extension from .pem to .crt before installing it on a PCoIP Software Client.

Installing a Root Certificate on Ubuntu and Debian

- 1. Copy the certificate to the folder /usr/local/share/ca-certificates/extra. You may need to create the /extra folder.
- 2. Update the certificate store with the following command:

```
update-ca-certificates
```

- 3. Remove the certificate from the folder.
- 4. Update the certificate store with the following command:

update-ca-certificates --fresh

Installing a Root Certificate on CentOS and RHEL

- 1. Copy the certificate to the folder /etc/pki/ca-trust/source/anchors.
- 2. Update the certificate store with the following command:

```
update-ca-trust extract
```

- 3. Remove the certificate from the folder.
- 4. Update the certificate store with the following command:

update-ca-trust

Azure Virtual Desktop Keyboard Shortcuts

The following keyboard shortcuts apply when using the Software Client for Linux for Linux to access a Azure Virtual Desktop (AVD) using RDP:

- CTRL + ALT + END = CTRL + ALT + DEL (inside the remote desktop)
- ALT + Pg-Up = ALT + TAB (task switcher inside the remote desktop)
- ALT + Home = Windows button (inside the remote desktop)
- SHIFT + ALT + Enter = Toggle full-screen mode on/off

Setting Configuration Values via Config files

Certain advanced configuration values are set via configuration files, rather than via the user interface, command line, or URI methods. These files are read and implemented by the Software Client for Linux when it launches.

Config File Syntax

The .ini file starts with a [General] group followed by a series of <key>=<value> pairs, each on its own line. For example, the following file would add the USB device identified by the VID/PID pair 18a5, 0302 to the local termination blacklist, causing it to revert to *bridged* connections:

```
[General]
localtermination_black_list="18a5,0302"
```

Config File Location

The .ini file is located in the ~/.config/Teradici/Teradici PCoIP Client.ini folder.

The configuration file does not exist until a user changes a persistent setting via the user interface. If that has not ocurred, you must create the file.

Disabling the Virtual Terminal Functionality

On the PCoIP Software Client for Linux using Ctrl+Alt+F12 will switch to virtual terminal 12, which typically does not exist. This can result in a blank screen. To avoid this you can disable virtual terminal functionality by creating a file /usr/share/X11/xorg.conf.d/60-pcoip.conf with the following contents:

```
Section "Serverflags"
Option "DontVTSwitch" "yes"
EndSection
```

This file needs to be created with root permissions.

Linux Keyboard Shortcuts

There a number of system level keyboard shortcuts on Ubuntu 18.04 that can affect your remote desktop experience. If you are using some of these keys then it is recommended that you re-map or disable them.

There are separate keyboard shortcuts if you are connecting to a Azure Virtual Desktop (AVD) using RDP, as outlined below.

To re-map a keyboard shortcut go to the **Keyboard** tab within your system settings, select the keyboard shortcut and enter the keys you wish to use to re-map with. You can also click backspace to disable the shortcut.

The following keyboard shortcuts may be of interest:

Navigation Shortcut: Alt + Tab

Ubuntu 18.04: Switch applications (on local client).

Windows 10: Switch applications (on remote desktop).

Navigation Shortcut: Super + Tab

Ubuntu 18.04: Switch applications (on local client)

Windows 10: Open task view (on remote desktop)

Navigation Shortcut: Super + Shift + Up arrow

Ubuntu 18.04: Move window one monitor up.

Windows 10: Stretch the desktop window to fill the entire screen.

Navigation Shortcut: Super + Ctrl + D

Ubuntu 18.04: Hides all normal windows.

Windows 10: Adds a virtual desktop.

Navigation Shortcut: Ctrl + Alt + Tab

Ubuntu 18.04: Switch System Controls Windows.

Windows 10: View open applications.

Navigation Shortcut: Super + Home

Ubuntu 18.04: Switch to workspace 1.

Windows 10: Minimize all but the active desktop window(Restores all windows on second stroke).

Navigation Shortcut: Super + Lock

Ubuntu 18.04: Lock screen.

Windows 10: Lock screen.

Navigation Shortcut: Super + A

Ubuntu 18.04: Show all applications.

Windows 10: Open action center.

Navigation Shortcut: Super + S

Ubuntu 18.04: Show the overview.

Windows 10: Open search.

Navigation Shortcut: Super + H

Ubuntu 18.04: Hide window.

Windows 10: Open the share charm.

Navigation Shortcut: Super + Up arrow

Ubuntu 18.04: Maximize window.

Windows 10: Maximize app window.

Navigation Shortcut: Super + Down arrow

Ubuntu 18.04: Restore window.

Windows 10: Minimize app window.

Navigation Shortcut: Super + Left arrow

Ubuntu 18.04: View split window from the left side.

Windows 10: Snap app window left.

Navigation Shortcut: Super + Right arrow

Ubuntu 18.04: View split window from the right side.

Windows 10: Snap app window right.

Removing Deprecated Repos

Software Client for Linux repositories were formerly hosted at **downloads.teradici.com**. This server is deprecated, and requests to it will fail with a certificate error.

If your repo config is pointing at this deprecated server, you must remove references to it and then configure your system with the new server.

1. Search for downloads.teradici.com in /etc/apt/sources.list.d/ and delete them.

```
grep downloads.teradici.com /etc/apt/sources.list.d/*
```

The response will contain the files that need to be removed.

2. Remove the outdated files. The following example will remove the pcoip.list file at /etc/apt/sources.list.d/pcoip.list; the value you use here will be found in the response to the previous step:

```
sudo rm /etc/apt/sources.list.d/pcoip.list
```

To get around this issue, you must remove any references to downloads.teradici.com. Search for downloads.teradici.com in any files in /etc/apt/sources.list.d/ and delete these files. Run the following command:

```
$ grep downloads.teradici.com /etc/apt/sources.list.d/*
/etc/apt/sources.list.d/pcoip.list:deb [arch=amd64] https://
downloads.teradici.com/artifactory/pcoip-agent-deb-stable-local bionic stable
username@ABCDEF1:~$ sudo rm /etc/apt/sources.list.d/pcoip.list

Once the legacy file is removed refresh the repository cache.
$ sudo apt-get update
```

pcoip.list is an example filename that may be captured with the \$ grep command.

Support and Troubleshooting

If you encounter a problem installing or using the Software Client for Linux, there are a number of troubleshooting and support resources you can access.

- We maintain an extensive **knowledge base** which answers many questions and documents solutions to common problems. The knowledge base is part of the Knowledge Center; click on the *Articles* tab to access it, or enter a search query in the search field at the top of the page.
- We host a community forum, allowing you to ask questions and get answers from other IT
 professionals and our support team, which monitors this channel. The forum is part of the
 Knowledge Center; click on the *Discussions* tab to access it.
- If you need more help, open a support ticket and our support team will engage with you directly.

Creating a Support Bundle

Our support team may request a support bundle from you. The support file is an archive containing logs, diganostic data, and system information that helps the team diagnose problems.

To create a support bundle:

- 1. Open a terminal window.
- 2. Launch the support bundler utility:

```
pcoip-client-support-bundler
```

The support bundler will collect diagnostic information and logs, and bundle them into a .tar.gz archive in your /tmp/ directory. Support bundle files look like this: supportbundle-client-2021-04-21T212112Z.tar.gz.

Troubleshooting Client Crashes

When troubleshooting issues involving a client crash, system crash dumps are extremely helpful. Some systems may not have crash dumps enabled; if this is the case, you must enable it in order to capture the crash data.

Crash dumps are disabled by setting the size limit to 0. To check if there is a limit on the size of core dumps use the ulimit command:

```
ulimit -c
```

The response will indicate the limit on core dumps. If the response is 0, it indicates that core dumps are disabled (limited to a size of zero blocks), and you must enable core dumps.

If required, enable crash dumps by setting the limit to unlimited:

```
ulimit -S -c unlimited pcoip-client
```

Then, reproduce your issue and collect the support bundle. After completing this sequence, reset the crash dump setting to its previous level (this example will set it to zero, or disabled):

```
ulimit -S -c 0
```

Finding Your Client Version

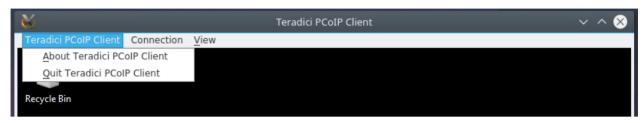
You can find your Software Client for Linux version number from the pre-session interface, or, if you're already in a session, from the client menu bar.

- Pre-session: If you are not in a session:
 - Click on the hamburger icon, found at the bottom left of the screen beside the Cancel button.

Alt Text

- From the context menu that appears, select **About**.
- Find the version number in the information window that appears.

- In-session: If you are in a session:
 - Find or reveal the client menu bar
 - Select Anyware PCoIP Client > About Anyware PCoIP Client.
 - $\circ\,$ Find the version number in the information window that appears.



PCoIP Client Logging

The Software Client for Linux writes log files that document its processes and interactions with other services such as brokers and agents. These files are invaluale in diagnosing problems. This page describes how logs are handled and where they can be found.

Log Location

Client logs are placed in /tmp/Teradici/<Username>/logs/ by default. Log locations can be overriden via launch configuration if required.

<Username> is the name of the user that launched the client.

Log Levels

Log verbosity is defined by a level, respresented by an integer from 0 to 3:

Level	Description
0	Critical messages only
1	Error messages and higher
2	Info messages and higher (default)
3	Debug messages and higher

The default setting is 2, recording informational messages and higher.

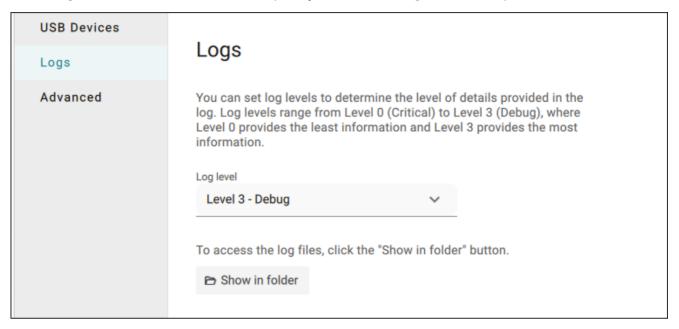
The log level can be changed in any of the following ways:

To set the log level in the pre-session interface:

- 1. Disconnect any active PCoIP sessions and return to the pre-session interface.
- 2. Click the gear icon to open the settings window:



3. Click Logs in the left side menu, and specify the desired log level in the panel.



To set the log level programmatically:

This method provides the log level inline during a command line launch; see Log Level in the configuration section for details.

